Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of Sialosides Containing 7-N- or 7,9-Di-N-acetyl Sialic Acid as Stable O-Acetyl Analogues for Probing Sialic Acid-Binding Proteins

Anoopjit Singh Kooner, Sandra Diaz, Hai Yu, Abhishek Santra, Ajit Varki, and Xi Chen*



Diazido and triazido-mannose derivatives that were readily synthesized chemically from inexpensive galactose were shown to be effective chemoenzymatic synthons. Together with bacterial sialoside biosynthetic enzymes with remarkable substrate promiscuity, they were successfully used in one-pot multienzyme (OPME) sialylation systems for highly efficient synthesis of sialosides containing multiple azido groups. Conversion of the azido groups to *N*-acetyl groups generated the desired sialosides. The hydrophobic and UV-detectable benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz) group introduced in the synthetic acceptors of



sialyltransferases was used as a removable protecting group for the propylamine aglycon of the target sialosides. The resulting *N*-acetyl sialosides were novel stable probes for sialic acid-binding proteins such as plant lectin MAL II, which bond strongly to sialyl T antigens with or without an *N*-acetyl at C7 or at both C7 and C9 in the sialic acid.

INTRODUCTION

Sialic acids (Sias) are nine-carbon acidic monosaccharides that are called nonulosonic acids. They are commonly found as the terminal residues of glycan moieties on cell surface glycoproteins and glycolipids of all vertebrates^{1,2} and as components of capsular polysaccharides and lipopolysaccharides of a number of pathogenic bacteria.^{3,4} Sia-terminated glycans and glycoconjugates are involved in various biological and pathogenic processes, which are influenced by the natural diversities of Sia structures, sialyl linkages, and internal glycans.⁵ More than 50 structurally distinct forms of Sias have been found in nature.^{1,2,5} N-Acetylneuraminic acid (Neu5Ac, 1; Figure 1) is the most common form of natural Sias. Modifications at one or more hydroxyl groups of Sias at C4, C5, C7, C8, and/or C9 are most commonly by the Oacetyl group and less commonly by the O-methyl, O-sulfate, or O-lactyl group.^{6,7} O-Acetylated sialoglycans have been identified as potential cancer markers for acute lymphoblastic leukemia and have been shown to be involved in the regulation of ganglioside-mediated apoptosis.^{8,9} Sialosides containing 7-O-acetyl Neu5Ac (Neu5,7Ac2, 2) have been found on human immune cells such as human lymphocytes,¹⁰ and those containing 7,9-di-O-acetyl Neu5Ac (Neu5,7,9Ac₃, 3) are preferentially recognized by bovine coronavirus.¹¹⁻¹⁵

Even though O-acetylated sialoglycans were discovered as early as 1936,^{16,17} the progress of elucidating their functions

has been delayed due to the instability of the *O*-acetyl moiety.^{18,19} The *O*-acetyl group at C7-OH of Sia is notoriously challenging to study. It was shown to spontaneously migrate to the C9-OH group even under physiological pH.²⁰ A sialate *O*-acetyltransferase (EC 2.3.1.45) was believed to catalyze the transfer of the *O*-acetyl group to C7-OH of the NeuSAc in sialosides, which is then migrated to C9-OH to form the sialosides containing 9-O-acetyl NeuSAc (Neu5,9Ac₂) as the most abundant *O*-acetylated Sia.^{20,21} The *O*-acetyl group at C7 of Neu5,7,9Ac₃ (3) was also shown to migrate to C8-OH.²⁰

To overcome the O-acetyl instability problem, we showed previously that sialosides containing 9-N-acetyl Neu5Ac (Neu5Ac9NAc) are suitable mimics of Neu5,9Ac₂-sialo-sides.^{22–24} To explore the functions and applications of more challenging sialoside targets containing Neu5,7Ac₂ (**2**) or Neu5,7,9Ac₃ (**3**), we report here the design and synthesis of their structurally stable mimics where the labile O-acetyl groups are replaced by N-acetyl groups. A novel chemo-enzymatic synthon strategy was developed based on highly

Received: May 10, 2021





Figure 1. Structures of *N*-acetylneuraminic acid (NeuSAc, 1), the most abundant natural sialic acid form, and its naturally occurring *O*-acetylated forms 7-*O*-acetyl-*N*-acetylneuraminic acid (Neu5,7Ac₂, 2) and 7,9-di-*O*-acetyl-*N*-acetylneuraminic acid (Neu5,7,9Ac₃, 3).



Figure 2. Structures of N-acetyl analogue NeuSAc7NAc (4) and azido derivative NeuS,7diN₃ (5) of NeuS,7Ac₂ (2); N-acetyl analogue NeuSAc7,9diNAc (6) and azido derivative NeuS,7,9triN₃ (7) of NeuS,7,9Ac₃ (3); as well as their corresponding hexose precursors Man2,4diNAc (8), Man2,4diN₃ (9), Man2,4,6triNAc (10), and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11).

Scheme 1. Chemical Synthesis of Man2,4diNAc (8) and Man2,4diN₃ (9) from Galactose (12). Ac, acetyl; pMP, paramethoxyphenyl; and Bz = benzoyl



efficient one-pot three-enzyme (OP3E) sialylation systems containing sialoside biosynthetic enzymes with remarkable substrate promiscuities. The produced sialosides containing an *N*-acetyl sialic acid analogue were shown to be stable probes for glycan microarray-based studies for Sia-binding proteins including human Siglec 7 (hSiglec 7)²⁵ and human Siglec 9 (hSiglec 9),^{26,27} as well as plant lectins *Sambucus nigra* lectin (SNA) and *Maackia amurensis* lectin II (MAL II).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Synthesis Design. In nature, *N*-acetylmannosamine (ManNAc) is the six-carbon sugar precursor for Neu5Ac biosynthesis. For vertebrate cells, Neu5Ac is activated inside

the nucleus to form CMP-Neu5Ac, which is transported to the Golgi apparatus and used by sialyltransferases to form α -linked sialoglycoconjugates.²⁸ Our design for synthesizing $\alpha 2$ –3- and $\alpha 2$ –6-linked sialosides containing modified Sia is by chemical introduction of the modifications to its six-carbon precursor and using substrate promiscuous sialoside biosynthetic enzymes to convert modified precursors to Sia derivatives, which are then activated and transferred to suitable acceptors to form the target sialosides.²³ Sialoside biosynthetic enzymes including a sialic acid aldolase, a CMP-sialic acid synthetase, and a sialyltransferase can be used in one-pot for efficient sialylation.^{29,30} As shown in Figure 2, 7-N-acetyl Neu5Ac (Neu5Ac7NAc, 4) was designed as the stable mimic of

в

Article

Scheme 2. Synthesis of Man2,4,6triNAc (10) and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) from Galactoside 14



Neu5,7Ac₂ (2). It can be derived from the corresponding azido analogue Neu5,7diN₃ (5). Similarly, 7,9-di-*N*-acetyl Neu5Ac (Neu5Ac7,9diNAc, 6) was proposed as the more stable mimic of Neu5,7,9Ac₃ (3) and the corresponding azido analogue is Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7). The corresponding six-carbon precursors for these sialic acid derivatives (4–7) of a sialic acid aldolase-catalyzed reaction are 2,4-diacetamindo-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4diNAc, 8), 2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4,6triNAc, 10), and 2,4,6-triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4,6triNAc, 11). These compounds (8–11) were chemically synthesized.

Chemical Synthesis of Mannose Derivatives. Numerous chemical synthetic methods have been developed to access amino sugars, rare sugars, and sugar derivatives by selective protection and epimerization.³¹⁻³⁴ However, some of them suffer from long multistep synthetic routes along with low to moderate yields.³⁵ We envisioned that Man2,4diNAc (8) and $Man2.4diN_3$ (9) could be synthesized from commercially available inexpensive D-galactose (12) by introducing two azido groups simultaneously with the inversion of the stereochemistry at both C2 and C4. As shown in Scheme 1, galactoside 14 was formed in an overall 77% yield over three steps by per-O-acetylation of D-galactose (12) followed by nucleophilic replacement of the anomeric acetate with paramethoxyphenyl (pMP) under acidic conditions using BF₃·Et₂O and de-O-acetylation using sodium methoxide. Regioselective benzoylation of both C3- and C6-hydroxyl groups of 14 using bistributyltin oxide $(Bu_3Sn)_2O$ catalyst^{36,37} formed a partially protected D-galactosyl-2,4-diol intermediate (15) in a 79% yield. Treatment of 15 with trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (Tf_2O) and pyridine followed by simultaneous displacement (S_N 2 reaction) of both triflate groups at C2 and C4 with azido groups using tetrabutylammonium azide (TBAN₃)³⁸ in dry toluene^{30,39} at 90 °C afforded diazido-D-mannose derivative 16 in a 92% yield. The azido moieties of 16 were converted to acetamido moieties by reacting with thioacetic acid in pyridine under argon⁴⁰ to produce benzoyl-protected glycoside 17 in an 89% yield. Debenzoylation under Zemplén reaction conditions in the presence of sodium methoxide and methanol followed by ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN)catalyzed removal of the pMP group⁴¹ produced the desired Man2,4diNAc (8). On the other hand, removal of the benzoyl groups and the anomeric pMP group from 16 formed the desired Man2,4diN₃ (9). Altogether, Man2,4diNAc (8) and $Man2_{4}diN_{3}$ (9) were synthesized from D-galactose (12) in

nine and eight steps with overall yields of 32 and 41%, respectively.

Man2,4,6triNAc (10) and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) were synthesized from galactoside 14 (Scheme 2) using a similar strategy except that only the 3-OH group of 14 was regioselectively protected with a benzoyl group using dimethyltin chloride (Me_2SnCl_2) as a catalyst^{38,42} to produce partially protected triol 20 in a 93% yield. Simultaneous triflation of all three hydroxyl groups in 20 with Tf₂O in pyridine followed by concurrent displacement of all three triflates with azido groups via an S_N 2-mechanism worked very well when TBAN₃ in dry toluene^{30,39} was used at 90 °C for 2 h in the second step. The formation of D-mannose derivative 21 was achieved in an overall 88% yield. Conversion of all three azido groups in 21 to acetamido moieties using thioacetic acid and pyridine⁴⁰ produced 22 in an 80% yield. Debenzoylation of 22 under Zemplén reaction conditions followed by CANcatalyzed removal of the pMP group⁴¹ produced Man2,4,6triNAc (10) in a 70% yield. On the other hand, stepwise removal of the benzoyl protecting group (92% yield) and the pMP group (80% yield) from 21 produced Man2,4,6triN₃ (11). Altogether, Man2,4,6triNAc (10) and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) were formed from 14 in six and five steps with overall yields of 46 and 60%, respectively.

Enzymatic Synthesis of Sialic Acid Derivatives. Mannose derivatives Man2,4diNAc (8), Man2,4diN₃ (9), Man2,4,6triNAc (10), and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) were tested as potential substrates for *Pasteurella multocida* sialic acid aldolase (PmAldolase).⁴³ Among these four compounds, Man2,4diNAc (8) and its diazido derivative Man2,4diN₃ (9), as well as the triazido derivative Man2,4,6triN₃ (11), were suitable substrates for PmAldolase. The corresponding Sia derivatives Neu5Ac7NAc (4), Neu5,7diN₃ (5), and Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7) were synthesized in the presence of 5 equiv of sodium pyruvate with 70–72% yields (Scheme 3). In contrast, Man2,4,6triNAc (10) was not a suitable substrate for PmAldolase, and the corresponding Neu5Ac7,9diNAc (6) could not be obtained directly from 10 by PmAldolase-catalyzed reaction.

One-Pot Multienzyme (OPME) Synthesis of Sialosides Containing an Azido-Modified Sialic Acid. The Neu5-Ac7NAc (4), Neu5,7diN₃ (5), and Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7) obtained from PmAldolase-catalyzed reaction were tested as potential substrates for *Neisseria meningitidis* CMP-sialic acid synthetase (NmCSS).⁴⁴ While both Neu5,7diN₃ (5) and Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7) were suitable substrates for NmCSS, Neu5Ac7NAc (4) was not. Scheme 3. PmAldolase-Catalyzed Preparative-Scale Synthesis of Sialic Acid Derivatives Neu5Ac7NAc (4), Neu5,7diN₃ (5), and Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7) from the Corresponding Mannose Derivatives Man2,4diNAc (8), Man2,4diN₃ (9), and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11), Respectively^a



 a Man2,4,6triNAc (10) was not a suitable substrate for PmAldolase-catalyzed synthesis of Neu5Ac7,9diNAc (6).

Man2,4diN₃ (9) and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) were also tested as chemoenzymatic synthons³⁰ in one-pot three-enzyme (OP3E) sialyation systems²⁹ (Table 1) for enzymatic synthesis of α 2–3- and α 2–6-linked sialosides containing Neu5,7diN₃ or Neu5,7,9triN₃. It was remarkable that all four enzymes including PmAldolase,⁴³ NmCSS,⁴⁴ *P. multocida* α 2–3-sialyltransferase 1 (PmST1),⁴⁵ and *Photobacterium damselae* α 2–6-sialyltransferase (Pd2,6ST)⁴⁶ were able to tolerate the diazido- and triazido-derivatives of the corresponding substrates.

Lac β ProNHCbz (type VI glycan, 24),⁴⁷ LacNAc β -ProNHCbz (type II glycan, 25), Gal β 3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (type IV glycan, 26), Gal β 3GalNAc α ProNHCbz (type III or core 1 glycan, 27), Gal β 3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (type I glycan, 28), Gal β 3GlcNAc α ProNHCbz (29), and GalNAc α ProNHCbz (Tn antigen, 30) were synthesized and used as sialyltransferase acceptors for the construction of a comprehensive library of sialosides (Table 1). The hydrophobic and UV-detectable benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz) group in 24–30 was used as a removable protecting group for the propylamine aglycon of the target sialosides.

In the OP3E sialylation systems (Table 1), Man2,4diN₃ (9) or Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) was coupled with pyruvate by a PmAldolase-catalyzed reaction to form Neu5,7diN₃ (5) or Neu5,7,9triN₃ (7). The resulting azido-Sia derivative was converted by an NmCSS-catalyzed reaction in the presence of cytidine 5'-triphosphate (CTP) and magnesium cation (Mg²⁺) to form the corresponding CMP-activated sugar nucleotide CMP-Neu5,7diN₃ or CMP-Neu5,7,9triN₃, which was used by sialyltransferases such as *P. multocida* α 2–3-sialyltransferase 1 (PmST1)⁴⁵ and *P. damselae* α 2–6-sialyltransferase (Pd2,6ST),⁴⁶ respectively, to produce α 2–3- and α 2–6-linked sialosides (31–56) from sialyltransferase acceptors 24–30.

Using PmST1⁴⁵ as the sialyltransferase, $\alpha 2$ -3-linked Neu5,7diN₃-containing (31, 35, 39, 43, 47, and 51) and Neu5,7,9triN₃-containing glycosides (32, 36, 40, 44, 48, and 52) were obtained in good to excellent (64–99%) yields with galactosides 24–30 as the sialyltransferase acceptors. Similarly, using Pd2,6ST⁴⁶ as the sialyltransferase, $\alpha 2$ -6-linked Neu5,7diN₃-containing (33, 37, 41, 45, 49, 53, and 55) and Neu5,7,9triN₃-containing glycosides (34, 38, 42, 46, 50, 54, and 56) were obtained in good to excellent (65–100%) yields.

Chemical Conversion of the Azido Groups in Sialosides to N-Acetyl Groups and Removal of the Cbz-**Protecting Group.** The azido-containing sialosides (31–56) obtained were readily converted to their N-acetyl analogues (57-82) in 64-89% yields using thioacetic acid and saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution (Table 1), a condition optimized previously.³⁰ The Cbz group in the aglycone of the sialosides 57-82 was removed by hydrogenation using Pd/C catalyst in water-methanol solution for a few hours at room temperature to form sialosides containing a propylamine aglycone in quantitative yields for downstream conjugation reactions. Compared to the previous chemoenzymatic synthon strategy³⁰ of using sialyltransferase acceptors with a propyl chloride aglycone, the Cbz-protected propylamine aglycone has several advantages. It facilitates reaction monitoring and product purification processes due to its hydrophobic UVdetectability. It also allows selective conversion of the azido group in the enzymatic products (31-56) to the desired Nacetyl group and permits highly efficient conversion (in quantitative yields) of the aglycon in the sialosides (57-82) to a primary propylamine for glycan microarray printing.

Sialosides Containing Neu5Ac7NAc or Neu5Ac7,9di-NAc Can Bind to Sia-Binding Proteins as Shown by Sialoglycan Microarray Studies. The propylamine aglycon in the sialosides obtained made it easy to print these glycans on an array format for protein-binding studies in a highthroughput format. Glycan microarray experiments were carried out using $\alpha 2$ -3- and $\alpha 2$ -6-linked sialosides containing Neu5Ac7NAc or Neu5Ac7,9diNAc synthesized here, as well as related sialosides containing NeuSAc, Neu5,9Ac2, or Neu5-Ac9NAc synthesized previously.^{22,23,45,46,48} The corresponding internal glycans (without the Sia component) were used as negative controls. As shown in Figure 3 and Table S1, the binding of hSiglec 7, hSiglec 9, and SNA to the sialosides containing Neu5Ac (gray bars) or Neu5Ac9NAc (orange bars) was blocked by substituting the C7-OH of sialic acid by a C7-NAc group (Neu5Ac7NAc red bars and Neu5Ac7,9diNAc blue bars, respectively) except for the weak binding retained for Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GalNAc β -glycan (red bars for Js in Figure 3). Interestingly, MAL II bond to sialyl T antigens Sia α 3Gal β 3GalNAc α -glycans (L in Figure 3) strongly⁴⁹ regardless of the Sia forms in the sialosides tested including those containing Neu5Ac (gray bar), Neu5,9Ac₂ (green bar), Neu5Ac9NAc (orange bar), Neu5Ac7NAc (red bar), and Neu5Ac7,9diNAc (blue bar). On the other hand, the binding of MAL II to Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GalNAc β -glycan (gray bar in J in Figure 3), a sialoglycan differing from the sialyl T antigen only on the glycosyl linkage remotely from the Sia, was not influenced significantly by Neu5Ac 9-O-acetylation (green bar) or 9-NAc substitution (orange bar) but was blocked completely by Neu5Ac7NAc (red bar) or 7,9-di-NAc substitution (blue bar).

CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, a highly efficient chemoenzymatic synthon strategy has been successfully developed to construct a comprehensive library of sialosides containing *N*-acetyl analogues of 7-*O*- or 7,9,-di-*O*-acetylated NeuSAc. Man2,4diN₃ (9) and Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) are effective chemoenzymatic synthons that are readily accessible via chemical synthesis from inexpensive galactose. We have shown that bacterial sialoside biosynthetic enzymes including PmAldolase, NmCSS, PmST1, and Pd2,6ST have remarkable substrate promiscuity. The

pubs.acs.org/joc

Article

Table 1. One-Pot Three-Enzyme (OP3E) Synthesis of Sialosides Containing Neu5,7diN₃ or Neu5,7,9triN₃ (31–56) from Man2,4diN₃ (9) or Man2,4,6triN₃ (11) and Chemical Conversion of the Azido Groups to N-Acetyl Moieties to Form Sialosides Containing Desired Neu5Ac7NAc or Neu5Ac7,9diNAc $(57-82)^c$

$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ $							
sat. NaHCO ₃ in H ₂ O HO HO $r.t.$ HO HO HO $57-82$ quant. (64-89%)							
$\frac{\text{Acceptor (ROH)}}{\frac{\xi}{5} \text{NHCbz}} = \chi_{\xi}^{\text{N}} \bigvee_{0}^{0} \sqrt{\frac{\xi}{5}}$	$N_3 H_0$ $N_3 H_0$ 31-56 (64-100%)		OH CO ₂ NH // OF CO ₂ OR OR 57-82 (64-89%)				
	α 2–3-sialoside ^a Neu5,7diN ₃ /	$\alpha 2$ -6-sialoside ^b Neu5,7diN ₃ /	α2–3-sialoside Neu5Ac7NAc/Neu5	α2–6-sialoside Neu5Ac7NAc/Neu			
HO HOH OH	Neus, 7,9triN ₃ α3OR X=OH, 31 (90%) X=N ₃ , 32 (92%)	Neu5,7,9triN ₃ α6OR X=OH, 33 (quant.) X=N ₃ , 34 (quant.)	Ac/,9diNAcα3OR Y=OH, 57 (68%) Y=NHAc, 58 (80%)	SAC ⁷ ,9diNAcα6OR Y=OH, 59 (78%) Y=NHAc, 60 (80%)			
OH OH HO OH OH OH HO OH NHCbz Type II glycan	X=OH, 35 (70%) X=N ₃ , 36 (66%)	X=OH, 37 (72%) X=N ₃ , 38 (65%)	Y=OH, 61 (67%) Y=NHAc, 62 (67%)	Y=OH, 63 (77%) Y=NHAc, 64 (85%)			
LacNAcβProNHCbz (25) OH OH O	X=OH, 39 (99%) X=N ₃ , 40 (67%)	X=OH, 41 (Quant.) X=N ₃ , 42 (69%)	Y=OH, 65 (64%) Y=NHAc, 66 (65%)	Y=OH, 67 (67%) Y=NHAc, 68 (70%)			
GalpSGalNACpPTONHCb2 (26) OH OH OH OH HO OH OH OH OH OH OH AcHN Type III or Core 1 glycan	X=OH, 43 (95%) X=N ₃ , 44 (65%)	X=OH, 45 (68%) X=N ₃ , 46 (79%)	Y=OH, 69 (77%) Y=NHAc, 70 (65%)	Y=OH, 71 (77%) Y=NHAc, 72 (72%)			
Galp3GalNACαPTONHCbz (27) OH OH O	X=OH, 47 (87%) X=N ₃ , 48 (64%)	X=OH, 49 (quant.) X=N ₃ , 50 (91%)	Y=OH, 73 (73%) Y=NHAc, 74 (66%)	Y=OH, 75 (75%) Y=NHAc, 76 (70%)			
OH OH HO OH OH OH ACHN OH Galb3GlcNAcg/ProNHCbz (20)	X=OH, 51 (93%) X=N ₃ , 52 (87%)	X=OH, 53 (quant.) X=N ₃ , 54 (96%)	Y=OH, 77 (89%) Y=NHAc, 78 (69%)	Y=OH, 79 (72%) Y=NHAc, 80 (68%)			
OH_OH HO AcHNONHCbz Tn antigen GalNAcαProNHCbz (30)		X=OH, 55 (65%) X=N ₃ , 56 (65%)		Y=OH, 81 (84%) Y=NHAc, 82 (85%)			

^{*a*}PmST1 was used as the α 2–3-sialyltransferase. ^{*b*}Pd2,6ST was used as the α 2–6-sialyltransferase. ^{*c*}The Cbz group in the resulting sialosides was removed from the NAc-sialosides in quantitative yields to produce sialosides containing a propylamine aglycone for glycan microarray studies. R' differs from R by replacing the propyl NHCbz aglycon in R with the propylamine (ProNH₂) in R'.



Figure 3. Glycan microarray study results for sialoside binding by hSiglec 7, hSiglec 9, SNA, and MAL II (numeric data are shown in Table S1). Asialoglycans (R'OH) corresponding to the internal glycans in the sialosides are negative controls shown in white bars. $R1 = ProNH_2$.

OPME systems are highly efficient in using Man2,4diN₃ and Man2,4,6triN₃ as effective chemoenzymatic synthons to produce sialosides containing Neu5Ac7N₃ or Neu5Ac7,9diN₃, which are readily converted to the target NAc-containing sialosides by a facile chemical conversion process. The hydrophobic and UV-detectable Cbz group introduced in the synthetic acceptors of sialyltransferases is a convenient removable protecting group for the propylamine aglycon of the target sialosides. The application of the obtained sialosides in glycan microarray studies has demonstrated that these compounds could be valuable stable probes for Sia-binding proteins. The chemoenzymatic synthon strategy has the potential to be used for the synthesis of other glycans containing *N*-acetyl groups.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

Materials and General Methods. Chemicals were purchased and used without further purification. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded in the NMR facility of the University of California, Davis, on 600 and 800 MHz Bruker Avance III-NMR spectrometers and a 400 MHz Bruker Avance III HD Nanobay spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) on the δ scale. High-resolution electrospray ionization (ESI) mass spectra were obtained using a Thermo Electron LTQ-Orbitrap Hybrid mass spectrometer or a Thermo Scientific Q Exactive HF Orbitrap Mass Spectrometer at the mass spectrometry facility in the University of California, Davis, or using an LTQ-Orbitrap Elite mass spectrometer at the Georgia State University. Column chromatography was performed using columns manually packed with silica gel 60 Å (230-400 mesh, Sorbent Technologies) or a CombiFlash Rf 200i system with either RediSep Rf silica columns or an ODS-SM (C18) column (51 g, 50 μ m, 120 Å, Yamazen). Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on silica gel plates (Sorbent Technologies) using anisaldehyde sugar stain or 5% sulfuric acid in ethanol stain for detection. Gel filtration chromatography was performed with a column (100 cm \times 2.5 cm) packed with Bio-Gel P-2 Fine resins (Bio-Rad). P. multocida sialic acid aldolase (PmAldolase),⁴³ N. meningitidis CMP-sialic acid synthetase (NmCSS),⁴⁴ P. multocida $\alpha 2$ -3-sialyltransferase 1 (PmST1),⁴⁵ and P. damselae $\alpha 2$ -6-sialyltransferase (Pd2,6ST)⁴⁶ were expressed and purified as described previously.

Chemical Synthesis of 2,4-Diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4diNAc, 8) and 2,4-Diazido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4diN₃, 9). *p-Methoxyphenyl-\beta-D-galactopyranoside* (14). D-Galactopyranose (12, 7.00 g, 38.8 mmol) and sodium acetate (3.7 g, 0.045 mole) were dissolved in acetic anhydride (50 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 120 °C for 1 h and neutralized using

sodium bicarbonate. The compound was extracted by washing with dichloromethane. The dichloromethane solution was washed with brine. The organic layer was dried on sodium sulfate, and the solvent was removed under a reduced pressure to produce 1,2,3,4,6-penta-Oacetyl-D-galactopyranose (13), which was used in the next step without further purification. Compound 13 (21.67 g, 0.055 mmol) and para-methoxyphenol (10.33 g, 0.083 mmol) were added to a round-bottom flask (500 mL) and dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL). The reaction mixture was cooled in an ice-water bath. Boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (11.86 g, 0.0832 mmol) was added slowly into the reaction mixture over a period of 5 min.³⁰ The reaction was stirred for 6 h and quenched by adding MeOH (50 mL). The solvent was removed under a reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to silica gel column chromatography (hexane:ethyl acetate = 3:1 by volume) to obtain p-methoxyphenyl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl- β -D-galactopyranoside in an 81% yield. The column-purified intermediate was dissolved in dry MeOH (100 mL), and 0.2 mL of sodium methoxide solution (5.4 M) was added. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was neutralized by adding H+-resin. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol = 20:1 by volume) to produce *p*-methoxyphenyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (14) in a 95% yield. Compound 14 (8.56 g) was obtained as a white amorphous solid in an overall 77% yield from D-galactose in three steps. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.10–7.05 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.82 (m, 2H), 4.74 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (dd, J = 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.65 (ddd, J = 6.7, 5.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (dd, J = 9.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.33 (p, J = 1.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 156.3, 152.3, 119.3, 115.4, 108.7, 84.6, 83.5, 78.2, 72.2, 64.4, 56.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + Cl]⁻ calcd for C13H18ClO7 321.0747; found 321.0760.

p-Methoxyphenyl-3,6-dibenzoyl- β -*p*-galactopyranoside (15). Compound 14 (0.60 g, 2.10 mmol) and bis(tri-n-butyltin) oxide (1.78 g, 3.15 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (70 mL) in a roundbottom flask (500 mL). The reaction mixture was heated to 140 °C in an oil bath for 15 min. The reaction mixture was cooled down to 0 $^\circ$ C in an ice-water bath, and benzoyl chloride (0.88 g, 6.30 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred for 6 h at 0 °C and guenched by adding methanol (50 mL). The solvent was removed under a reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 7:1 by volume) to produce 15 as a white amorphous solid (0.82 g, 79% yield). $^{36-38}$ ¹H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_3\text{OD}) \delta 8.22 - 8.09 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 8.08 - 7.99 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.64$ (dt, J = 9.7, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (td, J = 7.6, 5.3 Hz, 4H), 7.09–6.97 (m, 2H), 6.73–6.62 (m, 2H), 5.15 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (dd, J = 11.4, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (bs, 2H), 4.50 (dd, J = 11.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (td, J = 7.3, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 167.74, 167.70, 156.6, 153.0, 134.43, 134.36, 131.4, 131.3, 130.9, 130.7, 130.7, 129.6, 129.5, 119.3, 115.3, 103.7, 77.6, 74.1, 69.9, 68.0, 65.1, 56.0.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -Dmannopyranoside (16). p-Methoxyphenyl-3,6-dibenzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (15, 0.40 g, 0.81 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (25 mL) in a round-bottom flask (100 mL) at 0 °C. Pyridine (0.65 mL, 8.09 mmol) was added followed by the slow addition of trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (0.68 mL, 4.04 mmol) at 0 °C and the reaction was stirred for 30 min before it was quenched by adding sodium bicarbonate (10 mL). The organic layer was washed with hydrochloric acid (1 N) and brine. The organic layer was combined and concentrated under reduced pressure to produce a crude product, which was used for the next step without any purification. To a solution of 2,4-bistriflate in toluene (20 mL), tetrabutylammonium azide (0.76 g, 2.67 mmol) was added at room temperature. The reaction was stirred at 70 °C for 1 h and then at 90 °C for another 1 h.³⁹ The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene) to produce p-methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (16) as a white amorphous solid (0.40 g, 92% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (ddd, I = 21.4, 8.4, 1.4 Hz, 4H), 7.71–7.60 (m, 2H), 7.52 (dt, I= 11.6, 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.03 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 5.36–5.27 (m, 1H), 5.24 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dd, J = 11.9, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 4H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 165.6, 155.8, 150.4, 134.1, 133.4, 130.1, 129.9, 129.7, 129.1, 128.8, 128.5, 118.5, 114.6, 98.9, 74.1, 73.0, 63.7, 61.6, 57.4, 55.6. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₂₄N₆NaO₇ 567.1599; found 567.1581.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diacetamido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (17). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (16, 0.22 g, 0.41 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (4.0 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and thioacetic acid (1.0 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h under a reduced pressure at room temperature before the reaction was quenched by adding methanol (10 mL). The solvent was removed under a reduced pressure,⁴⁰ and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 2:1 by volume) to produce *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-diacetamido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (17) as a white amorphous solid (0.21 g, 89% yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.92-6.87 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.52 (m, 3H), 5.43 (dd, J = 10.7, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (ddd, J =9.3, 4.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (dd, J = 11.9, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51-4.44 (m, 1H), 4.01-3.95 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.3, 171.1, 166.8, 166.3, 155.3, 150.6, 133.5, 133.3, 129.9, 129.8, 129.8, 129.3, 128.6, 128.5, 118.2, 114.4, 98.0, 74.4, 72.0, 64.4, 55.5, 50.6, 47.6, 23.5, 23.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C31H33N2O9 577.2181; found 577.2167.

p-*Methoxyphenyl*-2,4-*diacetamido*-2,4-*dideoxy*- β -*D*-*mannopyr*anoside (18). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diacetamido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (17, 0.51 g, 0.88 mmol) was dissolved in dry MeOH (10 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and 0.2 mL of sodium methoxide solution (5.4 M) was added. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was neutralized using H⁺-resin. The solvent was removed under a reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol = 9:1 by volume) to produce p-methoxyphenyl-2,4diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (18) as a white amorphous solid (0.26 g, 80% yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.01–6.94 (m, 2H), 6.86–6.76 (m, 2H), 5.12 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (dd, J = 3.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.93-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.72–3.66 (m, 2H), 3.40 (ddd, J = 9.7, 4.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (200 MHz, MeOD) δ 175.0, 174.6, 156.7, 152.4, 119.1, 115.5, 99.6, 77.5, 71.7, 62.4, 56.0, 54.5, 49.7, 22.77, 22.75. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M - H]⁻ calcd for C₁₇H₂₃N₂O₇ 367.1511; found 367.1507.

2,4-Diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy-p-mannose (Man2,4diNAc, 8). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (18, 0.125 g, 0.34 mmol) was added to a round-bottom flask (50 mL) and dissolved in acetonitrile (6 mL). Ammonium cerium nitrate (0.6 g) was dissolved in water (1.5 mL) and was added slowly while stirring. The reaction was carried out at room temperature for 4.5 h before the reaction mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 9:1:0.5 by volume) to produce Man2,4diNAc (8) as a white amorphous solid (0.071 g, 80% yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D_2O δ 5.14 (bs, 0.6H), 4.97 (bs, 0.4H), 4.45 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 0.4H), 4.30 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 0.6H), 4.10 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.0 Hz, 0.6H), 3.76-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.52-3.74 (m, 2H), 3.39-3.47 (m, 0.4H), 1.97-2.31 (m, 6H). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ = 175.7, 174.8, 174.7, 174.6, 92.9, 92.8, 75.3, 70.8, 69.9, 66.6, 60.6, 60.5, 53.4, 52.4, 48.1, 47.8, 21.9, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ calcd for C10H18N2O6Na 285.1057; found 285.1058.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**19**). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**16**) (0.50 g, 0.92 mmol) was dissolved in dry MeOH (5 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and 0.2 mL of sodium methoxide solution (5.4 M) was added. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was neutralized using H⁺-resin.⁴¹ The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 7:1 by volume) to produce *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxy-β-D-mannopyranoside (**19**) as a white amorphous solid (0.28 g, 92% yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.95 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.13–5.09 (m, 1H), 4.21–4.15 (m, 1H), 3.93 (ddd, *J* = 12.4, 5.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.64 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (ddd, *J* = 10.1, 4.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 150.1, 117.6, 114.7, 98.8, 75.1, 72.4, 63.9, 62.0, 59.4, 55.7. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M + Cl]⁻ calcd for C₁₃H₁₆ClN₆O₅ 371.0876; found 371.0864.

2,4-Diazido-2,4-dideoxy-p-mannose (Man2,4diN₃, 9). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (19, 0.28 g 0.84 mmol) was added to a round-bottom flask (50 mL) and dissolved in acetonitrile (6 mL). Ammonium cerium nitrate (1.4 g) dissolved in water (1.5 mL) was added slowly while stirring. The reaction was carried out at room temperature⁴¹ for 2.5 h before the reaction mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 2:1 by volume) to produce Man2,4diN₃ (9) as a white amorphous solid (0.15 g, 80%) yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 5.29 (s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.21 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.03-3.97 (m, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 42H), 3.87 (dd, J = 12.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (dd, J = 12.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, J = 12.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (dd, J = 12.7, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (ddd, J = 10.3)5.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 93.0, 92.2, 74.7, 72.1, 70.7, 69.5, 65.6, 63.9, 61.0, 60.9, 59.1, 58.7. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M + Cl]^-$ calcd for C₆H₁₀ClN₆O₄ 265.0458; found 265.0439.

Chemical Synthesis of 2,4,6-Triacetamido-2,4,6-trideoxy-Dmannose (Man2,4,6triNAc, 10) and 2,4,6-Triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4,6triN₃, 11). *p*-Methoxyphenyl-3-benzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (20). Compound 14 (6.14 g, 21.4 mmol) was dissolved in THF (100 mL) in a round-bottom flask (500 mL). Diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) (5.5 g, 42.9 mmol) and a catalytic amount of dimethyltin dichloride (200 mg) were added to the reaction mixture.³⁸ The reaction mixture was cooled down to 0 °C in an ice-water bath, and benzoyl chloride (3.32 g, 23.6 mmol) was added dropwisely. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C and quenched by adding methanol (100 mL). The solvent was removed under a reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 3:1 by volume) to produce 20 as a white amorphous solid (7.77 g, 93% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.20-8.13 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.15–7.06 (m, 2H), 6.91-6.80 (m, 2H), 5.10 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, J = 10.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.79 (m, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 167.7, 156.6, 153.1, 134.3, 130.8, 129.4, 119.3, 115.4, 104.0, 77.8, 76.6, 69.9, 67.9, 62.1, 56.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M + Cl]^{-}$ calcd for $C_{20}H_{22}ClO_8$ 425.1009; found 425.1027.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy-B-Dmannopyranoside (21). p-Methoxyphenyl-3-benzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (20, 0.15 g, 0.38 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (10 mL) at 0 °C in a round-bottom flask (50 mL). Pyridine (0.31 mL, 3.84 mmol) was added followed by the slow addition of trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (0.32 mL 1.92 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 30 min, the reaction was quenched by adding sodium bicarbonate (10 mL). The organic layer was washed with hydrochloric acid (1 N) and brine. The organic layer was combined and concentrated under reduced pressure to produce a crude product, which was used for the next step without any purification. To a solution of 2,4,6-tristriflate in toluene (20 mL), tetrabutylammonium azide (0.6 g, 2.1 mmol) was added at room temperature to a round-bottom flask (50 mL). The reaction was stirred at 70 °C for 1 h and then at 90 °C for another 1 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene) to produce p-methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside

(21) as a colorless oil (0.15 g, 88% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃Cl) δ 8.15 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.91–6.82 (m, 2H), 5.22, (s, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 10 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.69–3.56 (m, 2H), 3.51–3.43 (m, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 165.5, 150.2, 155.9, 134.0, 130.0, 128.7, 128.4, 118.7, 114.6, 98.8, 74.1, 73.8, 61.5, 57.4, 55.6, 51.5. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M + Cl]⁻ calcd for C₂₀H₁₉ClN₉O₅ 500.1203; found 500.1190.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triacetamido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (22). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy-β-D-mannopyranoside (21, 0.18 g, 0.38 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (4.0 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and thioacetic acid (1.0 mL) was added dropwisely. The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h under reduced pressure at room temperature. The reaction was quenched by adding methanol (10 mL), and the solvent was removed under a reduced pressure. The compound was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol = 20:1 by volume) to produce p-methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-tri-acetamido-3benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (22) as a white amorphous solid (0.16 g, 80% yield). $^{\rm i}{\rm H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.98–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.01-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.80 (m, 2H), 5.28 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (dd, J = 11.0, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.74–3.68 (m, 1H), 3.61–3.50 (m, 1H), 3.44 (dd, I = 14.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.88(s, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 174.1, 173.7, 173.6, 167.1, 156.9, 152.1, 134.4, 131.1, 130.7, 129.5, 119.3, 115.5, 99.1, 75.0, 73.8, 56.1, 51.9, 48.4, 41.5, 22.7, 22.6, 22.5. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}N_3O_8Na$ 536.2003; found 536.1995.

2,4,6-Triacetamido-2,4,6-trideoxy-p-mannose (Man2,4,6triNAc, 10). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-tri-acetamido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (22, 0.1 g, 0.19 mmol) was dissolved in dry MeOH (10 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and 0.3 mL of sodium methoxide solution (5.4 M) was added. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was neutralized using H⁺-resin. The crude product without further purification was added to a roundbottom flask (50 mL) and dissolved in acetonitrile (4 mL). Ammonium cerium nitrate (0.3 g) dissolved in water (1 mL) was added slowly while stirring. The reaction was run for 2.5 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 5:1:0.1 by volume) to produce 2,4,6-triacetamido-2,4,6-trideoxy-D-mannopyranose (10) as a white amorphous solid (0.04 g, 70% yield). ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D_2O) δ 5.16 (bs, 1H), 4.97 (bs, 1H), 4.48 (dt, J = 2.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dd, J = 4.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (ddd, J = 10.6, 4.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.01–3.95 (m, 1H), 3.92 (t, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (ddt, J = 10.7, 4.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (t, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 3H), 3.36-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 6H), 2.00 (s, 6H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 175.8, 174.9, 174.5, 174.2, 93.0, 73.4, 70.0, 69.0, 66.7, 53.5, 52.6, 49.3, 48.9, 40.0, 39.9, 22.0, 21.9, 21.7. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ calcd for $C_{12}H_{21}N_3NaO_6$ 326.1323; found 326.1308.

p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy-β-*D*-mannopyranoside (23). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (21, 0.50 g, 1.1 mmol) was dissolved in dry MeOH (10 mL) in a round-bottom flask (50 mL), and 0.2 mL of sodium methoxide solution (5.4 M) was added. The reaction was carried out at room temperature for 6 h. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was neutralized using H⁺-resin. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 35:1 by volume) to produce compound 23 as a white amorphous solid (0.36 g, 92% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CD_3Cl) \delta 6.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.06 ($ 1H), 4.19 (bd, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.60-3.45 (m, 3H), 3.31-3.22 (m, 1H), 2.59 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H). ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (100 MHz, CD₃Cl) δ 155.9, 150.1, 118.5, 114.7, 99.4, 74.2, 72.5, 63.9, 60.5, 55.7, 51.7. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + Cl]⁻ calcd for C₁₃H₁₅ClN₉O₄ 396.0941; found 396.0930.

2,4,6-Triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4,6triN₃, 11). p-Methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (23, 0.72 g, 1.99 mmol) was added to a round-bottom flask (50 mL) and dissolved in acetonitrile (12 mL). Ammonium cerium nitrate (1.1 g) dissolved in water (3 mL) was added slowly while stirring. The reaction was carried out at room temperature for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate = 15:1 by volume) to produce compound 11 as a white amorphous solid (0.41 g, 80% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 5.14–4.86 (m, 2H), 4.20–4.11 (m, 1H), 3.95–3.73 (m, 4H), 3.64–3.36 (m, 6H), 3.35–3.25 (m, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 93.7, 92.4, 73.6, 72.4, 69.8, 69.7, 66.2, 64.7, 60.4, 60.0, 51.7, 51.6. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₆H₉N₉NaO₃ 278.0721; found 278.0707.

Enzymatic Synthesis of Sia Derivatives 7-Acetamido-7deoxy-N-acetylneuraminic Acid (Neu5Ac7NAc, 4), 5,7-Diazido-5,7-dideoxy-neuraminic Acid (Neu5,7diN₃, 5), and 5,7,9-Triazido-5,7,9-trideoxy-neuraminic Acid (Neu5,7,9triN₃, 7). 7-Acetamido-7-deoxy-N-acetylneuraminic Acid (Neu5Ac7NAc, 4). The 2,4-diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannose (Man2,4diNAc, 8, 0.27 g, 1.03 mmol) and sodium pyruvate (0.57 g, 5.15 mmol) were dissolved in water in a 50 mL centrifuge tube. After the addition of an appropriate amount of PmAldolase, water was added to bring the final concentration of mannose derivative to 10 mM. The reaction was carried out by incubating the solution at 30 °C with agitation at 120 rpm in an incubator for 72 h. The product formation was observed by TLC developed with ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5 (by volume) and stained with *p*-anisaldehyde sugar stain. The reaction was quenched by the addition of methanol (15 mL), and the mixture was then centrifuged. The supernatant was concentrated and passed through a Bio-Gel P-2 gel filtration (water was used as an eluent). Then, the product was further purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5) to produce 5,7-di-N-acetylneuraminic acid (4) as a white amorphous solid (0.26 g, 72% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D_2O) δ 4.23 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.00-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.81-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.63 (dd, J = 12.1, 2.7 Hz, 1H),3.46 (dd, J = 12.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (dd, J = 13.0, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.83 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D_2O) δ 176.6, 174.1, 173.9, 96.5, 70.2, 69.4, 67.5, 62.5, 59.3, 54.7, 49.3, 39.6, 22.1, 21.6. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M - H]⁻ calcd for C₁₃H₂₁N₂O₉ 349.1253; found 349.1275.

5,7-Diazido-5,7-dideoxy-neuraminic Acid (Neu5,7diN₃, 5). The 2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxymannose (Man2,4diN₃, 9, 0.05 g, 0.22 mmol) and sodium pyruvate (0.12 g, 1.1 mmol) were dissolved in water in a 50 mL centrifuge tube. After the addition of an appropriate amount of PmAldolase, water was added to bring the final concentration of mannose derivative to 10 mM. The reaction was carried out by incubating the solution at 30 °C with agitation at 120 rpm in an incubator for 48 h. The product formation was observed by TLC developed with ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5 (by volume) and stained with p-anisaldehyde sugar stain. The reaction was quenched by the addition of methanol (15 mL), and the mixture was then centrifuged. The supernatant was concentrated and passed through a Bio-Gel P-2 gel filtration (water was used as an eluent). Then, the product was further purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5) to produce 5,7-diazido-5,7dideoxy-neuraminic acid (5) as a white amorphous solid (0.05 g, 72% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 4.11 (ddd, J = 11.6, 9.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.98–3.91 (m, 1H), 3.82–3.74 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.60-3.56 (m, 1H), 2.21 (dd, J = 13.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D_2O δ 175.7, 96.4, 72.1, 69.5, 68.5, 63.1, 62.5, 61.4, 39.1. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₉H₁₃N₆O₇ 317.0851; found 317.0830.

5,7,9-Triazido-5,7,9-trideoxy-neuraminic Acid (Neu5,7,9triN₃, 7). Man2,4,6triN₃ (11, 0.04 g, 0.16 mmol) and sodium pyruvate (0.086 g, 0.78 mmol) were dissolved in water in a 50 mL centrifuge tube. After the addition of an appropriate amount of PmAldolase, water was added to bring the final concentration of mannose derivative to 10 mM. The reaction was carried out by incubating the solution at 30 °C with agitation at 120 rpm in an incubator for 48 h. The product formation was observed by TLC developed with ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5 (by volume) and stained with *p*-anisaldehyde sugar stain. The reaction was quenched by the addition of methanol (15 mL), and the mixture was then centrifuged. The supernatant was concentrated and passed through a Bio-Gel P-2 gel filtration (water was used as an eluent). Then, the product was further purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 7:1:0.5) to produce 7 as a white amorphous solid (0.037 g, 70% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 4.14–4.06 (m, 2H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.60–3.53 (m, 2H), 2.20 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 1.96 (dd, *J* = 13.2, 11.7 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 175.6, 96.4, 69.5, 68.5, 68.4, 64.2, 62.1, 53.9, 39.1. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₉H₁₂N₉O₆ 342.0916; found 342.0943.

Chemical Synthesis of NHCbz-Tagged Sialyltransferase Acceptors (24–30). Lac β ProNHCbz (24) was synthesized as described previously.⁴⁷ Compounds 25-30 were synthesized similarly. Briefly, in a round-bottom flask, a propylazide-tagged acceptor²³ (0.085 mmol) was dissolved in water and a catalytic amount of palladium (10%) Pd/C was added. The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for overnight. After the completion of reaction, palladium was removed by filtration. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The obtained propylamine-tagged acceptor was used directly for the next reaction without any further filtration. The compound (0.085 mmol) was dissolved in 5-10 mL of water in a round-bottom flask, and sodium carbonate (45 mg, 0.43 mmol) was added. Benzyl chloroformate (CbzCl, 30 mg, 0.17 mmol) in acetonitrile was added to the mixture in the flask immersed in an ice-water bath. After the completion of reaction, the solvent was removed. The mixture was purified using a C18 column (gradient solvent of CH₃CN in H₂O was used for elute) to produce the Cbztagged acceptors (25-30).

LacNAcβProNHCbz (25). 39 mg, 80% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.43 (q, *J* = 6.2, 5.7 Hz, 5H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.47 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 4.05–3.46 (m, 14H), 3.17 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.00 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 3H), 1.74 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.9, 101.0, 78.5, 75.3, 74.7, 72.5, 72.4, 71.0, 68.5, 67.6, 66.8, 61.0, 60.1, 55.1, 37.2, 28.8, 22.1. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + FA – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₂O₁₅ 619.2356; found 619.2350.

Galβ3GalNAcβProNHCbz (26). 38 mg, 78% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.48–7.38 (m, SH), 5.12–5.08 (m, 2H), 4.45–4.40 (m, 2H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 3.2, 1H), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.81–3.70 (m, 4 H), 3.68–3.63 (m, 2H), 3.62–3.58 (m, 2H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.21–3.10 (m, 2H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.79–1.69 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.7, 158.3, 136.6, 128.7, 128.3, 127.6, 104.8, 101.3, 79.9, 75.0, 74.7, 72.4, 70.5, 68.5, 68.0, 67.5, 66.73, 61.0, 60.9, 51.2, 37.2, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M + FA - H]^-$ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₂O₁₅ 619.2356; found 619.2356.

*Galβ3GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (27). 39 mg, 81% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.52–7.34 (m, SH), 5.12 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, J = 11.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.06–3.92 (m, 2H), 3.90 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.81–3.66 (m, SH), 3.65–3.57 (m, 2H), 3.55–3.40 (m, 2H), 3.25 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.80 (dd, J = 9.8, 4.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 104.7, 97.1, 77.4, 74.9, 72.5, 70.6, 70.6, 68.8, 68.5, 66.7, 65.0, 61.2, 60.9, 48.6, 37.5, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + FA – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₂O₁₅ 619.2356; found 619.2351.

Galβ3GlcNAcβProNHCbz (28). 39 mg, 80% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.49–7.24 (m, SH), 5.03 (s, 2H), 4.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (tt, J = 5.8, 2.9 Hz, 3H), 3.77–3.60 (m, 6H), 3.59–3.48 (m, 2H), 3.48–3.41 (m, 2H), 3.37 (ddd, J = 9.9, 5.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.66 (p, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.6, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3,

127.6, 103.5, 100.9, 82.4, 75.3, 75.3, 72.5, 70.7, 68.7, 68.5, 67.6, 66.8, 61.0, 60.7, 54.5, 37.2, 28.8, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M + FA – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₂O₁₅ 619.2356; found 619.2353.

Galβ3GlcNAcαProNHCbz (29). 38 mg, 78% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.43 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, SH), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.98–3.86 (m, 2H), 3.84–3.39 (m, 12H), 3.34–3.14 (m, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.88–1.68 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.5, 97.0, 80.6, 75.2, 72.5, 71.5, 70.6, 68.6, 68.5, 66.7, 64.9, 60.9, 60.5, 52.4, 37.4, 28.5, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M + FA – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉N₂O₁₅ 619.2356; found 619.2349.

GalNAcaProNHCbz (**30**). 42 mg, 78% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.45–7.23 (m, 5H), 5.17–5.02 (m, 2H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.84–3.66 (m, 5H), 3.42 (dt, *J* = 10.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.32–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.79 (p, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 174.2, 159.0, 138.5, 129.5, 129.0, 128.8, 98.8, 72.5, 70.4, 70.0, 67.4, 65.9, 62.9, 51.6, 38.8, 30.7, 22.7. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M + FA – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₀H₂₉N₂O₁₀ 457.1828; found 457.1822.

General Procedures for One-Pot Three-Enzyme (OP3E) Preparative-Scale Synthesis of Neu5,7diN₃ α 2–3/6-Linked Sialosides (31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53). Man2,4diN₃ (9, 50-70 mg, 0.22-0.30 mmol), sodium pyruvate (0.75–1.5 mmol), CTP (0.15–0.30 mmol), and an acceptor selected from Lac β ProNHCbz (24),⁴⁷ LacNAc β ProNHCbz (25), Gal β 1– 3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (26), Gal β 1–3GalNAc α ProNHCbz (27), Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (28), Gal β 1–3GlcNAc α ProNHCbz (29), and GalNAc α ProNHCbz (30) (0.10-0.20 mmol), were dissolved in water in a 50 mL centrifuge tube containing Tris-HCl buffer (100 mM, pH 8.5) and MgCl₂ (20 mM). After adding sialic acid aldolase (0.5-3 mg), NmCSS (0.5 mg), and a sialyltransferase PmST1 (1-3 mg) or Pd2,6ST (1-4 mg), water was added to bring the final concentration of Man2,4diN₃ (9) to 10 mM. The reaction mixture was incubated at 30 °C for 24-36 h. The reaction progress was monitored using TLC (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 6:1:1 by volume) and mass spectrometry. The reaction mixture was diluted with the same volume of ethanol and incubated at 4 °C for 30 min. The mixture was then centrifuged and concentrated, which was purified using a C18 column (CH₃CN in H₂O gradient was used as running solvents) to produce the sialoside product.

*Neu5,7diN*₃α2–3*LacβProNHCbz* (**31**). 107 mg, 90% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.49–7.36 (m, 5H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.50 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (ddd, *J* = 8.8, 5.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96–3.89 (m, 4H), 3.81–3.73 (m, 4H), 3.71–3.52 (m, 10H), 3.28 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.26–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.72 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.90 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.6, 102.1, 100.8, 78.4, 75.7, 75.1, 74.7, 74.3, 72.8, 72.4, 70.4, 69.5, 69.3, 67.9, 67.7, 66.8, 62.5, 60.9, 60.3, 60.1, 38.8, 37.3, 28.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₂H₄₆N₇O₁₉ 832.2854; found 832.2883.

Neu5,*7diN*₃α2–6*LacβProNHCbz* (**33**). 140 mg, 100% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.46–7.37 (m, SH), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.40 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (ddd, *J* = 8.7, 5.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.96–3.90 (m, SH), 3.80–3.72 (m, SH), 3.70–3.62 (m, 4H), 3.61–3.50 (m, SH), 3.30 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.26–3.18 (m, 2H), 2.71 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.85–1.77 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.1, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.7, 103.3, 102.0, 100.6, 80.0, 74.6, 74.5, 73.5, 72.6, 72.4, 72.1, 70.8, 70.3, 69.4, 68.3, 67.7, 66.8, 63.4, 62.5, 60.6, 60.3, 59.3, 39.8, 37.3, 28.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₂H₄₆N₇O₁₉ 832.2854; found 832.2879.

*Neu5,7diN*₃α2–3*LacNAcβProNHCbz* (**35**). 26.5 mg, 70% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.46–7.40 (m, SH), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.54 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.11–4.02 (m, 2H), 4.00–3.88 (m, 4H), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.80–3.75 (m, 3H), 3.73–3.64 (m, 7H), 3.62–3.51 (m, 4H),

3.24–3.13 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.91 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (p, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.4, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.6, 101.1, 100.7, 78.4, 75.7, 75.1, 74.7, 72.4, 70.4, 69.5, 69.3, 67.9, 67.6, 66.7, 62.5, 61.0, 60.4, 60.1, 59.4, 55.0, 38.8, 37.2, 28.8, 22.1. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3144.

Neu5, *7diN*₃α2–6*LacNAcβProNHCbz* (**37**). 27 mg, 72% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.20–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (ddd, J = 9.5, 5.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01–3.89 (m, 5H), 3.84–3.51 (m, 15H), 3.44 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25–3.12 (m, 1H), 2.69 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.86–1.72 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 173.1, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 103.5, 100.8, 100.4, 80.8, 74.5, 73.6, 72.5, 72.2, 70.8, 70.2, 69.2, 68.4, 67.6, 66.8, 63.7, 63.4, 62.5, 60.4, 60.3, 59.3, 55.0, 39.9, 37.3, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₁₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3146.

Neu5, *7*diN₃α²-3Galβ1-3GalNAcβProNHCbz (**39**). 24 mg, 99% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.48–7.38 (m, 5H), 5.14–5.07 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09–4.04 (m, 1H), 4.02–3.96 (m, 2H), 3.94–3.88 (m, 3H), 3.83–3.70 (m, 6H), 3.70–3.60 (m, 6H), 3.58 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23–3.12 (m, 2H), 2.73 (d, *J* = 12.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.88 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.80–1.69 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.7, 173.4, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.6, 101.3, 100.4, 80.3, 75.8, 74.72, 74.7, 72.2, 70.4, 69.5, 68.9, 67.8, 67.6, 67.5, 66.8, 63.2, 62.4, 60.9, 60.3, 51.1, 39.1, 37.2, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3142.

*Neu5,7diN*₃α2–6*Galβ*1–3*GalNAcβProNHCbz* (41). 25 mg, 100% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.19–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.42 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07–4.02 (m, 1H), 4.00–3.87 (m, 5H), 3.82–3.69 (m, 8H), 3.67–3.60 (m, 4H), 3.56–3.49 (m, 2H), 3.27–3.10 (m, 2H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.80–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.7, 173.0, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.9, 101.3, 100.8, 80.0, 74.9, 73.1, 72.5, 72.1, 70.54, 70.48, 69.3, 68.6, 67.9, 67.6, 66.8, 63.6, 63.4, 62.5, 60.9, 60.7, 51.1, 40.0, 37.2, 28.8, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₁₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3128.

Neu5,*7diN*₃α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (*43*). 47.6 mg, 95% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (s, 1H), 4.10–4.03 (m, 1H), 4.02–3.89 (m, 5H), 3.84–3.62 (m, 9H), 3.62–3.43 (m, 4H), 3.32–3.21 (m, 2H), 2.73 (ddd, *J* = 13.3, 8.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.93–1.78 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.4, 158.4, 135.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 104.5, 100.4, 97.1, 77.9, 75.8, 74.7, 72.3, 70.5, 70.4, 69.5, 69.0, 68.5, 67.7, 66.7, 65.1, 62.4, 61.2, 60.9, 60.3, 59.3, 48.5, 39.1, 37.5, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for $C_{34}H_{49}N_8O_{19}$ 873.3119; found 873.3149.

Neu5, *TdiN*₃α2–6*Galβ*¹–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (45). 34.1 mg, 68% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.55–7.40 (m, 5H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 1H), 4.09–3.97 (m, 2H), 3.95–3.85 (m, 4H), 3.81–3.72 (m, 6H), 3.70–3.57 (m, 4H), 3.55–3.45 (m, 3H), 3.34–3.22 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 3H), 1.89–1.76 (m, 2H), 1.73 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.0, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.5, 100.7, 97.1, 77.2, 73.2, 72.3, 72.1, 70.7, 70.5, 70.4, 69.3, 68.8, 68.4, 66.8, 65.0, 63.5, 62.5, 61.5, 60.6, 59.4, 48.6, 40.0, 37.6, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3150.

Neu5,7*diN*₃α2–3*Galβ*1–3*GlcNAcβProNHCbz* (**47**). 66.1 mg, 87% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.49–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.08–4.00 (m, 2H), 3.96–3.89 (m, 4H), 3.79–3.69 (m, 7H), 3.70–3.65 (m, 3H), 3.64–3.56 (m, 2H), 3.53 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.49–3.43 (m,

1H), 3.24–3.13 (m, 2H), 2.76 (dd, J = 12.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.89 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (p, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H). $^{13}C{^{1}H}$ NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.4, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.5, 100.8, 100.3, 82.9, 75.8, 75.3, 75.1, 72.2, 70.4, 69.5, 69.0, 68.8, 67.7, 67.5, 66.8, 63.2, 62.4, 60.9, 60.7, 60.4, 59.3, 54.3, 39.2, 37.3, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{34}H_{49}N_8O_{19}$ 873.3119; found 873.3150.

Neu5, *7diN*₃α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**49**). 60.7 mg, 100% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (ddd, *J* = 9.4, 5.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.00–3.89 (m, 5H), 3.82–3.76 (m, 5H), 3.74–3.66 (m, 3H), 3.65–3.48 (m, 7H), 3.24–3.12 (m, 2H), 2.72 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.83–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.6, 173.1, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 104.0, 100.9, 100.5, 84.4, 75.3, 73.5, 72.5, 72.1, 70.6, 70.4, 69.3, 69.1, 68.4, 67.6, 66.8, 63.6, 62.5, 61.4, 61.0, 60.6, 59.3, 54.2, 39.9, 37.2, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/ *z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3150.

Neu5, *7diN*₃α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**51**). 46.6 mg, 93% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.48–7.38 (m, 5H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.53–4.45 (m, 1H), 4.06 (ddt, J = 9.2, 5.6, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.95–3.87 (m, 3H), 3.81–3.65 (m, 11H), 3.64–3.47 (m, 5H), 3.33–3.20 (m, 2H), 2.79–2.69 (m, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.89 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.85–1.74 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 173.2, 158.4, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 118.9, 103.4, 100.5, 96.9, 81.1, 75.9, 75.0, 72.3, 71.5, 70.4, 69.45, 69.37, 69.1, 68.7, 67.5, 66.7, 63.2, 62.4, 60.9, 60.5, 60.4, 59.3, 52.3, 39.1, 37.4, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3142.

Neu5,*7diN*₃α²-6*Gal*β1-3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (*53*). 50 mg, 100% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.52–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.12–4.02 (m, 2H), 3.97–3.88 (m, 4H), 3.87–3.70 (m, 9H), 3.68 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.62–3.54 (m, 3H), 3.53–3.45 (m, 3H), 3.35–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.72 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.86–1.74 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 173.1, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.8, 100.6, 96.8, 82.3, 73.5, 72.5, 72.1, 71.4, 70.6, 70.3, 69.3, 68.9, 68.4, 66.7, 65.0, 63.6, 62.5, 61.4, 60.6, 59.3, 52.2, 39.9, 37.5, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₄H₄₉N₈O₁₉ 873.3119; found 873.3133.

Neu5, *7diN*₃α2–6*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (55). 112 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.46–7.38 (m, SH), 5.17–5.06 (m, 2H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (ddd, *J* = 8.6, 5.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.99–3.87 (m, 3H), 3.87–3.80 (m, 2H), 3.79–3.58 (m, 7H), 3.50 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.47–3.37 (m, 1H), 3.30–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.82–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 172.8, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 101.0, 97.1, 72.1, 70.4, 69.4, 69.3, 68.2, 67.6, 66.7, 65.4, 63.5, 62.5, 60.6, 59.3, 49.9, 40.0, 37.5, 28.5, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H][–] calcd for C₂₈H₃₉N₈O₁₄ 711.2591; found 711.2605.

General Procedures for One-Pot Three-Enzyme (OP3E) Preparative-Scale Synthesis of Neu5,7,9triN₃α2-3/6-Linked Sialosides (32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56). An acceptor selected from Lac\beta ProNHCbz 24, LacNAc\beta ProNHCbz 25, Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz 26, Gal β 1–3GalNAc α ProNHCbz 27, Galβ1-3GlcNAcβProNHCbz 28, Galβ1-3GlcNAcαProNHCbz 29, GalNAcaProNHCbz 30 (0.10-0.20 mmol), Man2,4,6triN₃ (11, 50-70 mg, 0.2–0.30 mmol), sodium pyruvate (1.0–1.5 mmol), and CTP (0.3-0.45 mmol) was dissolved in water in a 50 mL centrifuge tube containing Tris-HCl buffer (100 mM, pH 8.5) and MgCl₂ (20 mM). After adding sialic acid aldolase (0.5–3 mg), NmCSS (0.5 mg), and a sialyltransferase PmST1 (1-3 mg) or Pd2,6ST (1-4 mg), water was added to bring the final concentration of Man2,4,6tri N_3 (11) to 10 mM. The reaction mixture was incubated at 30 °C for 24-36 h. The reaction progress was monitored by TLC (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 6:1:1 by volume) and mass spectrometry. The reaction mixture was diluted with the same volume of ethanol and incubated at 4 °C for 30 min. The mixture was then centrifuged and concentrated, which was purified by automated flash chromatography using a C18

column (CH₃CN in H_2O gradient was used as running solvents) to produce sialosides.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–3*LacβProNHCbz* (**32**). 127 mg, 92% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.46–7.38 (m, SH), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (ddd, J = 9.0, 6.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.98–3.88 (m, 3H), 3.83–3.46 (m, 1SH), 3.31–3.15 (m, 3H), 2.73 (dd, J = 12.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (p, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.2, 158.8, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.6, 102.1, 78.4, 75.8, 75.1, 74.7, 74.3, 72.8, 72.2, 69.5, 69.3, 69.3, 67.8, 67.7, 66.8, 63.1, 61.3, 60.9, 60.1, 53.1, 39.0, 37.3, 28.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₂H₄₅N₁₀O₁₈ 857.2919; found 857.2948.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–6*LacβProNHCbz* (**34**). 132 mg, 100% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.41 (dd, J = 25.3, 7.7 Hz, 5H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.40 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (ddd, J = 8.7, 5.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.96–3.90 (m, 4H), 3.80–3.71 (m, 6H), 3.71–3.63 (m, 4H), 3.61–3.51 (m, 5H), 3.31 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (dt, J = 12.5, 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.85–1.74 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.1, 158.3, 136.5, 128.8, 128.3, 127.7, 103.3, 102.0, 100.6, 80.0, 74.6, 74.5, 73.5, 72.6, 72.5, 72.0, 70.8, 69.5, 69.1, 68.3, 67.7, 66.8, 63.4, 63.3, 61.6, 60.4, 53.2, 39.9, 37.4, 28.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₂H₄₅N₁₀O₁₈ 857.2919; found 857.2939.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–3*LacNAcβProNHCbz* (**36**). 12.9 mg, 66% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.52–7.37 (m, 5H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (ddd, *J* = 9.1, 6.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.95–3.87 (m, 2H), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.81–3.75 (m, 3H), 3.73–3.65 (m, 7H), 3.65–3.52 (m, 5H), 3.23–3.08 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.90 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.75 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.3, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 102.6, 101.1, 100.7, 78.5, 75.8, 75.1, 74.7, 72.4, 72.2, 71.0, 69.5, 69.4, 69.3, 67.8, 66.8, 61.3, 60.9, 60.1, 59.3, 55.0, 53.2, 39.0, 37.3, 28.8, 22.1. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3200.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–6*LacNAcβProNHCbz* (**38**). 25.4 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.17–5.08 (m, 2H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (ddd, *J* = 8.8, 5.9, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.01–3.88 (m, 3H), 3.86–3.76 (m, 4H), 3.73–3.51 (m, 12H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.25–3.12 (m, 2H), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.84–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 173.0, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 103.5, 102.9, 100.8, 80.8, 74.5, 73.6, 72.51, 72.47, 72.1, 70.8, 69.2, 68.9, 68.3, 67.6, 66.8, 63.6, 61.2, 60.4, 59.3, 55.0, 53.2, 39.9, 37.3, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{34}H_{48}N_{11}O_{18}$ 898.3184; found 898.3202.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**40**). 7.3 mg, 67% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.47–7.38 (m, 5H), 5.15–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.48 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19–4.15 (m, 2H), 4.01–3.96 (m, 2H), 3.94–3.90 (m, 1H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82–3.73 (m, 5H), 3.72–3.55 (m, 9H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23–3.11 (m, 2H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.87 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.77–1.72 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.7, 173.3, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.5, 101.3, 100.3, 80.3, 75.8, 74.7, 72.1, 69.5, 69.3, 68.9, 67.8, 67.5, 66.7, 61.2, 60.92, 60.9, 59.3, 53.1, 51.1, 39.2, 37.2, 29.6, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3206.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**42**). 17.2 mg, 69% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.55–7.36 (m, 5H), 5.25–5.05 (m, 2H), 4.43 (ddd, *J* = 15.5, 11.6, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.24–4.12 (m, 2H), 3.93–3.69 (m, 10H), 3.66–3.50 (m, 9H), 3.43–3.29 (m, 1H), 2.90 (s, 1H), 2.77–2.70 (m, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.84–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.02, 172.97, 171.0, 158.2, 136.5, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 104.9, 104.4, 100.8, 75.0, 72.5, 72.31, 72.28, 72.1, 70.5, 70.4, 69.3, 69.2, 69.1, 68.6, 63.4, 63.2, 61.3, 60.9, 53.2, 51.2, 45.7, 40.0, 28.8, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-

Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{34}H_{48}N_{11}O_{18}$ 898.3184; found 898.3212.

Neu5,7,9triN₃α2–3Galβ1–3GalNAcαProNHCbz (44). 29.2 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.44 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 5H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.24–4.13 (m, 2H), 4.04–3.86 (m, 4H), 3.81–3.46 (m, 14H), 3.35–3.19 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.92–1.76 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.4, 158.4, 136.5, 128.8, 128.3, 127.4, 104.5, 100.3, 97.1, 77.9, 77.3, 75.9, 74.7, 72.1, 70.6, 69.5, 69.2, 69.0, 68.5, 67.5, 66.7, 65.1, 63.1, 61.2, 60.9, 53.1, 48.6, 39.3, 37.4, 28.4, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3201.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–6*Galβ*1–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (*46*). 40.7 mg, 79% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.52–7.31 (m, 5H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.82–4.81 (m, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20–4.07 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.94–3.82 (m, 3H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.78–3.65 (m, 6H), 3.63 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60–3.52 (m, 3H), 3.52–3.43 (m, 3H), 3.26 (dq, *J* = 13.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.80 (qt, *J* = 13.0, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.0, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.5, 100.7, 97.1, 77.2, 73.1, 72.3, 72.0, 70.7, 70.5, 69.3, 69.2, 68.8, 68.3, 66.7, 65.0, 63.4, 61.5, 61.5, 59.3, 53.1, 48.6, 40.0, 37.6, 28.4, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₁₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3216.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–3*Galβ*1–3*GlcNAcβProNHCbz* (48). 50 mg, 64% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.71–7.20 (m, 5H), 5.29–5.04 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (ddd, J = 9.0, 6.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96–3.87 (m, 3H), 3.84–3.77 (m, 1H), 3.75–3.55 (m, 12H), 3.54–3.48 (m, 2H), 3.48–3.40 (m, 1H), 3.24–3.08 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.86 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (p, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.3, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.4, 100.8, 100.3, 82.9, 75.9, 75.3, 75.0, 72.1, 69.5, 69.3, 69.0, 68.8, 67.6, 67.4, 66.7, 63.1, 61.3, 60.9, 60.7, 54.3, 53.1, 39.3, 37.3, 28.7, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3201.

*Neu5,7,9triN*₃α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (*50*). 57.1 mg, 91% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.41 (m, 5H), 5.16–5.08 (m, 2H), 4.50 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (ddd, J = 9.0, 6.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.01–3.88 (m, 4H), 3.84–3.74 (m, 6H), 3.71–3.66 (m, 2H), 3.65–3.56 (m, 4H), 3.55–3.45 (m, 4H), 3.26–3.05 (m, 2H), 2.71 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.82–1.70 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.6, 173.0, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 103.9, 100.9, 100.6, 84.4, 75.3, 73.5, 72.5, 72.0, 70.6, 69.3, 69.1, 69.1, 68.4, 67.6, 66.8, 63.5, 63.5, 61.5, 61.0, 59.3, 54.2, 53.2, 39.9, 37.2, 28.8, 22.2. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3213.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**52**). 44.8 mg, 87% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.53–7.37 (m, 5H), 5.19–5.08 (m, 2H), 4.52–4.39 (m, 1H), 4.21– 4.13 (m, 1H), 4.12–4.02 (m, 1H), 3.99 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96–3.85 (m, 2H), 3.87–3.81 (m, 1H), 3.81–3.71 (m, 5H), 3.73– 3.63 (m, 4H), 3.64–3.43 (m, 7H), 3.35–3.16 (m, 2H), 2.78–2.69 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.88 (t, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.86–1.73 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 173.3, 158.3, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.5, 100.3, 96.9, 81.3, 75.9, 75.0, 72.5, 72.1, 71.5, 70.7, 69.5, 69.3, 69.1, 68.8, 67.4, 66.7, 63.1, 61.3, 60.9, 60.5, 53.1, 52.3, 39.3, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₄H₄₈N₁₁O₁₈ 898.3184; found 898.3209.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**54**). 49.5 mg, 96% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.38 (m, 5H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.23–4.16 (m, 1H), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.95–3.87 (m, 3H), 3.87– 3.78 (m, 3H), 3.78–3.66 (m, 7H), 3.64–3.53 (m, 4H), 3.53–3.43 (m, 3H), 3.39–3.16 (m, 2H), 2.71 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.90–1.70 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 173.0, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.8, 100.6, 96.8, 82.2, 73.4, 72.5, 72.0, 71.4, 70.6, 69.3, 69.1, 68.9, 68.3, 66.7, 65.0, 63.5, 63.3, 61.5, 60.7, 59.3, 53.2, 52.2, 40.0, 37.5, 28.5, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{34}H_{48}N_{11}O_{18}$ 898.3184; found 898.3209.

Neu5,7,9*triN*₃α2–6*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (*56*). 108 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.72–7.09 (m, SH), 5.32–5.02 (m, 2H), 4.22–4.05 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 3.89–3.46 (m, 11H), 3.43 (dt, *J* = 11.3, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.29–3.06 (m, 2H), 2.79–2.63 (m, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.82–1.65 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 158.2, 136.6, 128.7, 128.3, 127.6, 101.3, 97.1, 72.0, 69.4, 69.2, 68.1, 67.6, 66.7, 65.4, 63.4, 63.3, 63.2, 61.5, 53.2, 53.1, 49.9, 40.0, 37.5, 28.5, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₂₈H₃₈N₁₁O₁₃ 736.2656; found 736.2672.

General Procedures for Converting Azido-Containing Glycosides (31–56) to *N*-Acetyl-Containing Glycosides (57– 82). To a sodium bicarbonate saturated solution in water in a roundbottom flask (100 mL), an azido-containing glycoside (30–50 mg) was added followed by the dropwise addition of 12–24 equiv of thioacetic acid under argon at room temperature and stirred at 70 °C for 20 h. After the completion of the reaction, the solvent was removed under vacuum. The mixture was passed through a Bio-Gel P-2 gel filtration (water was used as an eluent). The product-containing fractions were concentrated and further purified by silica gel chromatography using a mixed solvent (ethyl acetate:methanol:water = 10:1:0.1 by volume) as an eluent, followed by C18 purification (CH₃CN in H₂O gradient was used as running solvents) to obtain the pure product.

Neu5Ac7NAcα2–3LacβProNHCbz (*57*). 38 mg, 68% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.55–7.37 (m, SH), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 3.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.00–3.87 (m, 5H), 3.82–3.67 (m, 7H), 3.66–3.61 (m, 3H), 3.61–3.54 (m, 3H), 3.53–3.49 (m, 1H), 3.29 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.27–3.18 (m, 2H), 2.79 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.80 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (t, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.0, 173.8, 173.8, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.6, 102.1, 99.6, 78.3, 75.4, 75.1, 74.7, 74.3, 72.8, 71.8, 71.6, 69.4, 68.6, 67.7, 66.9, 66.8, 62.4, 61.0, 60.1, 51.8, 49.2, 40.1, 37.3, 28.8, 22.1, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₆H₅₄N₃O₂₁ 864.3255; found 864.3282.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–*3LacβProNHCbz* (*58*). 42 mg, 80% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.47–7.41 (m, SH), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.99–3.95 (m, 4H), 3.87–3.53 (m, 13H), 3.48 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.34–3.23 (m, 3H), 3.09 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.85–1.74 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 174.0, 173.83, 173.79, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.6, 102.1, 99.6, 78.3, 75.5, 75.1, 74.7, 74.3, 72.8, 71.8, 69.7, 69.4, 68.7, 67.7, 67.0, 66.8, 61.0, 60.1, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 37.3, 28.8, 22.1, 21.90, 21.88. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3554.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–*6LacβProNHCbz* (*59*). 42 mg, 78% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.43 (dd, *J* = 19.3, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.04–3.87 (m, 7H), 3.84–3.72 (m, 3H), 3.71–3.52 (m, 9H), 3.49 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.27–3.20 (m, 2H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.81 (p, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (t, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 173.93, 173.86, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.2, 101.9, 100.4, 79.5, 74.6, 73.6, 72.8, 72.4, 71.6, 71.5, 70.7, 68.7, 68.4, 67.7, 66.8, 63.4, 62.4, 60.2, 51.9, 49.2, 40.1, 37.3, 28.8, 22.1, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₆H₅₄N₃O₂₁ 864.3255; found 864.3280.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–6*LacβProNHCbz* (60). 36 mg, 80% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.49–7.37 (m, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.45 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.04–3.90 (m, 8H), 3.86–3.54 (m, 12H), 3.45 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6

Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.83 (p, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (t, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H). $^{13}C{^{1}H}$ NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 174.0, 173.8, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.2, 102.0, 100.4, 79.5, 74.64, 74.62, 73.6, 72.9, 72.4, 71.6, 70.7, 69.5, 68.7, 68.5, 67.7, 66.8, 63.4, 60.2, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 37.3, 28.9, 22.14, 22.09, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{38}H_{57}N_4O_{21}$ 905.3521; found 905.3555.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–*3LacNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (61). 10 mg, 67% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.44 (dq, *J* = 14.1, 7.3 Hz, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.59–4.53 (m, 1H), 4.48 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19–4.11 (m, 1H), 4.03–3.96 (m, 2H), 3.91 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 6.7, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 3.87–3.80 (m, 2H), 3.78–3.64 (m, 9H), 3.63–3.50 (m, 5H), 3.26–3.11 (m, 2H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.03–1.93 (m, 9H), 1.80–1.73 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.0, 173.9, 173.8, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.5, 101.1, 99.5, 78.4, 75.4, 75.1, 74.7, 72.4, 71.9, 71.6, 69.4, 68.6, 67.6, 67.0, 66.8, 62.4, 61.0, 60.1, 55.0, 51.9, 49.2, 40.1, 37.2, 28.7, 22.1, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3546.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–3*LacNAcβProNHCbz* (**62**). 8.5 mg, 67% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.56–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 20.6 Hz, 2H), 4.54 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.50–4.45 (m, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.03–3.88 (m, 5H), 3.87–3.80 (m, 2H), 3.80–3.65 (m, 7H), 3.65–3.54 (m, 4H), 3.49 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.24–3.13 (m, 2H), 3.09 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.05–2.02 (m, 6H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.87–1.72 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 174.0, 173.8, 158.4, 136.8, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 102.5, 101.1, 100.0, 78.3, 75.5, 75.1, 74.7, 72.4, 71.8, 69.7, 69.4, 68.6, 67.6, 67.0, 66.8, 61.0, 60.1, 55.0, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 37.2, 28.6, 22.12, 22.10, 21.90, 21.88. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3804.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–*6LacNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (*63*). 11.3 mg, 77% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.68–7.29 (m, SH), 5.14 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 4.60–4.32 (m, 2H), 4.18–3.39 (m, 21H), 3.36–2.84 (m, 2H), 2.72 (dd, J = 12.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.87–1.56 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.8, 173.7, 173.4, 158.6, 138.3, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.3, 100.9, 100.3, 80.0, 74.6, 73.6, 72.4, 71.7, 71.5, 70.7, 68.7, 68.3, 67.6, 66.8, 63.2, 62.5, 60.3, 55.1, 51.9, 49.2, 40.1, 36.9, 28.6, 22.2, 22.1, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3529.

Neu5Ac7,9*d*i*NAc*α2–6*LacNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (64). 19.3 mg, 85% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.44 (td, J = 7.4, 4.1 Hz, 5H), 5.14 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 2H), 4.56–4.43 (m, 2H), 4.24–3.31 (m, 20H), 3.27–2.87 (m, 3H), 2.71 (dd, J = 12.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.19–1.91 (m, 12H), 1.77 (h, J = 11.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 175.2, 174.2, 173.8, 173.7, 173.4, 166.2, 136.1, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 103.3, 101.0, 100.4, 79.9, 74.6, 73.5, 72.4, 71.9, 71.6, 70.7, 69.5, 68.7, 68.4, 67.6, 66.8, 63.3, 55.1, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 36.0, 27.6, 22.1, 22.0, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3805.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**65**). 5.7 mg, 64% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.59–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05–3.96 (m, 2H), 3.95–3.86 (m, 3H), 3.85–3.71 (m, 6H), 3.69–3.55 (m, 6H), 3.51 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.37–3.17 (m, 1H), 2.93 (d, *J* = 32.4 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.01–1.94 (m, 9H), 1.87–1.69 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.1, 173.6, 173.52, 173.45, 158.0, 136.3, 128.4, 127.9, 127.1, 104.1, 99.0, 96.7, 76.9, 75.2, 74.4, 71.4, 71.3, 70.2, 68.6, 68.3, 68.2, 66.5, 66.3, 64.6, 62.0, 60.9, 60.6, 51.4, 48.9, 48.3, 39.9, 37.1, 28.1, 21.72, 21.66, 21.5. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3546.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**66**). 4.4 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.44 (dtt, *J* = 18.5, 6.5, 3.0 Hz, 5H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 22.8 Hz, 2H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, *J* = 14.7, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.09–3.91 (m, 6H), 3.84–3.72 (m, 7H), 3.67–3.57 (m, 5H), 3.51–

3.45 (m, 1H), 3.36–3.13 (m, 2H), 3.09–2.98 (m, 1H), 2.80 (dd, J = 12.4, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.02–1.99 (m, 6H), 1.95 (s, 6H), 1.84–1.80 (m, 1H), 1.78–1.72 (m, 2H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.1, 173.80, 173.76, 173.61, 173.58, 158.1, 136.4, 128.5, 128.1, 127.3, 103.2, 100.6, 99.2, 82.0, 75.4, 75.2, 74.8, 71.5, 69.5, 68.8, 68.42, 68.36, 67.5, 66.6, 66.5, 60.8, 60.5, 54.3, 51.6, 50.2, 41.4, 40.0, 37.1, 28.5, 21.91, 21.88, 21.7, 21.6. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H][–] calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3803.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (67). 10.4 mg, 67% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.61–7.33 (m, 5H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 20.8 Hz, 2H), 4.50–4.36 (m, 2H), 4.20 (dd, *J* = 19.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02–3.83 (m, 8H), 3.78–3.59 (m, 9H), 3.56–3.48 (m, 2H), 3.43–3.10 (m, 1H), 3.00–2.87 (m, 2H), 2.84–2.70 (m, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.89–1.63 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.0, 173.8, 173.7, 173.3, 157.9, 136.7, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 104.9, 104.4, 100.4, 75.0, 74.7, 73.2, 72.5, 72.4, 71.70, 71.67, 71.5, 71.4, 70.6, 70.4, 68.6, 68.5, 67.4, 66.8, 62.5, 61.2, 61.0, 52.0, 51.2, 49.23, 49.16, 45.7, 40.3, 22.2, 22.1, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3530.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**68**). 10.4 mg, 70% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.55–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.23–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.43 (ddd, *J* = 14.7, 9.2, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.23–4.11 (m, 1H), 4.01–3.89 (m, 6H), 3.84–3.53 (m, 11H), 3.47–3.33 (m, 2H), 3.29–3.02 (m, 2H), 2.98–2.88 (m, 1H), 2.80–2.70 (m, 1H), 2.04–1.98 (m, 9H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.84–1.62 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 173.99, 173.97, 173.7, 173.3, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 104.9, 100.5, 100.4, 75.0, 73.21, 73.16, 72.5, 71.61, 71.58, 70.6, 70.4, 69.6, 69.4, 68.6, 67.7, 67.4, 66.8, 61.0, 52.0, 51.2, 50.6, 45.7, 41.9, 40.3, 34.3, 28.9, 22.2, 22.1, 21.90, 21.87. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3805.

Neu5Ac7NAcα2–3*Galβ1*–3*GalNAcαProNHCbz* (**69**). 20 mg, 77% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.35 (m, 5H), 5.17–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.56–4.48 (m, 1H), 4.37–4.30 (m, 1H), 4.25–4.19 (m, 1H), 4.11–4.06 (m, 1H), 4.00–3.92 (m, 3H), 3.88 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 6.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.80–3.67 (m, 7H), 3.63–3.54 (m, 4H), 3.53–3.46 (m, 2H), 3.32–3.20 (m, 2H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 6H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.85–1.79 (m, 2H), 1.76 (t, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.0, 173.9, 173.8, 158.4, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 104.5, 99.4, 97.1, 77.2, 75.6, 74.8, 71.73, 71.70, 70.6, 69.0, 68.7, 68.6, 66.9, 66.7, 65.0, 62.3, 61.2, 60.9, 51.8, 49.2, 48.7, 40.2, 37.5, 28.4, 22.1, 22.0, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3536.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**70**). 10.2 mg, 65% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.53–7.31 (m, 5H), 5.17–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.52–4.42 (m, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.26–4.20 (m, 1H), 4.10–4.00 (m, 2H), 3.99–3.89 (m, 4H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.78–3.68 (m, 6H), 3.63–3.53 (m, 3H), 3.52–3.44 (m, 2H), 3.34–3.21 (m, 2H), 3.04 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.02–1.94 (m, 12H), 1.87–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.4, 174.04, 173.99, 173.8, 158.4, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.4, 104.4, 99.5, 97.0, 77.4, 75.6, 74.7, 71.7, 70.6, 69.7, 69.1, 68.6, 66.8, 66.7, 65.0, 61.2, 60.9, 51.8, 50.5, 48.6, 41.7, 40.2, 37.5, 28.4, 22.1, 22.0, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3804.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (71). 13.5 mg, 77% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.61–7.29 (m, 5H), 5.28–5.04 (m, 2H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (s, 1H), 4.11–3.40 (m, 19H), 3.38–3.19 (m, 2H), 2.78 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.07–1.91 (m, 9H), 1.89–1.75 (m, 2H), 1.65 (t, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.3, 173.9, 173.8, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.9, 100.4, 97.0, 77.7, 73.2, 72.4, 71.7, 71.4, 70.4, 68.6, 68.5, 68.3, 66.7, 65.1, 63.7, 62.4, 61.6, 52.0, 49.1, 48.7, 40.4, 37.6, 28.5, 22.1, 22.0. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3533. *Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**72**). 14.6 mg, 72% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.35 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 5H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 3.98–3.29 (m, 18H), 3.26–3.11 (m, 2H), 3.00 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98–1.81 (m, 12H), 1.79–1.65 (m, 2H), 1.56 (t, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.2, 173.9, 173.7, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.9, 100.4, 97.2, 77.7, 73.2, 72.4, 71.6, 70.4, 69.4, 68.6, 68.5, 68.3, 66.7, 64.7, 63.7, 61.6, 52.0, 50.5, 48.7, 41.8, 40.4, 22.1, 22.00, 21.96, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3793.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (73). 24.2 mg, 73% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.43 (h, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.53–4.45 (m, 2H), 4.15–4.07 (m, 1H), 3.98–3.44 (m, 20H), 3.25–3.11 (m, 2H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.04–1.92 (m, 9H), 1.80–1.72 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.0, 173.9, 173.8, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.6, 100.8, 99.3, 82.4, 75.6, 75.4, 75.1, 71.7, 71.7, 68.9, 68.62, 68.57, 67.7, 66.8, 66.7, 62.3, 61.1, 60.7, 54.5, 51.7, 49.2, 40.2, 37.3, 28.7, 22.2, 22.1, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{38}H_{57}N_4O_{21}$ 905.3521; found 905.3534.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**74**). 11.6 mg, 66% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.55–7.35 (m, 5H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.48 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.26–3.34 (m, 20H), 3.28–3.10 (m, 2H), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.07–1.88 (m, 12H), 1.76 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.3, 174.03, 173.99, 173.84, 173.81, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.4, 100.8, 99.5, 82.2, 75.6, 75.4, 75.1, 71.7, 69.7, 69.0, 68.7, 68.6, 67.7, 66.8, 66.7, 61.0, 60.7, 54.5, 51.8, 50.5, 41.7, 40.2, 37.3, 28.7, 22.14, 22.11, 21.88, 21.86. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m*/*z*: [M – H][–] calcd for $C_{40}H_{60}N_5O_{21}$ 946.3786; found 946.3807.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**75**). 25.4 mg, 75% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.84–7.09 (m, 5H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.22–3.35 (m, 21H), 3.28–3.09 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.10–1.88 (m, 9H), 1.76 (tq, *J* = 6.7, 3.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.7, 173.9, 173.7, 173.5, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 104.0, 100.9, 100.1, 84.4, 75.6, 73.5, 72.5, 71.6, 71.5, 70.5, 69.0, 68.6, 68.3, 67.6, 66.8, 63.2, 62.4, 60.9, 54.2, 51.9, 49.2, 40.1, 37.2, 28.7, 22.15, 22.13, 22.10. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H][–] calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3531.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*β*ProNHCbz* (**76**). 23.7 mg, 70% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.39 (m, 5H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23–3.34 (m, 20H), 3.29–2.99 (m, 3H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.17–1.91 (m, 12H), 1.86–1.64 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.6, 174.2, 173.9, 173.6, 173.5, 158.3, 136.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 104.0, 100.9, 100.1, 84.3, 75.6, 73.5, 72.5, 71.6, 70.5, 69.5, 69.0, 68.7, 68.3, 67.6, 66.8, 63.1, 60.9, 54.2, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 37.2, 28.7, 22.1, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3799.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAcaProNHCbz* (77). 18.4 mg, 89% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.48–7.38 (m, 5H), 5.19–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.48 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.13–4.06 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.95–3.68 (m, 12H), 3.66–3.43 (m, 7H), 3.34–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.02–1.91 (m, 9H), 1.86–1.70 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.3, 174.0, 173.9, 173.8, 158.4, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.4, 99.3, 97.0, 80.2, 75.6, 75.0, 71.75, 71.68, 71.6, 69.0, 68.57, 68.55, 66.8, 66.7, 64.9, 62.3, 61.0, 60.5, 52.5, 51.7, 49.2, 40.2, 37.4, 28.4, 22.1, 22.0, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁⁻ 905.3521; found 905.3540.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAc*α2–3*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**78**). 14.5 mg, 69% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.47–7.37 (m, 5H), 5.17–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.52–4.40 (m, 1H), 4.08 (td, J = 9.8, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 4.00–3.87 (m, 4H), 3.87–3.68 (m, 8H), 3.62–3.45 (m, 6H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 3.27 (ddt, J = 26.8, 13.3, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (dd, J = 14.2, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, J = 12.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.07–1.91 (m, 12H), 1.86–1.78 (m, 2H), 1.75 (t, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.2, 174.0, 173.84, 173.80, 158.4, 136.7, 128.8, 128.3, 127.4, 103.3, 99.5, 96.9, 80.4, 78.5, 75.6, 74.9, 71.7, 71.6, 69.7, 69.1, 68.62, 68.59, 66.8, 66.7, 64.9, 61.0, 60.5, 55.3, 52.4, 51.8, 50.5, 41.7, 40.3, 37.4, 28.4, 22.1, 21.94, 21.88, 21.86. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3808.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**79**). 19.3 mg, 72% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.50–7.36 (m, 5H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20–3.40 (m, 22H), 3.34–3.17 (m, 2H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 6H), 1.98–1.91 (m, 3H), 1.86–1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 173.9, 173.7, 173.5, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.9, 100.1, 96.8, 82.5, 73.4, 72.5, 71.7, 71.6, 71.5, 70.5, 68.8, 68.7, 68.3, 66.7, 65.0, 63.1, 62.4, 60.6, 52.1, 51.9, 49.2, 40.1, 37.5, 28.5, 22.13, 22.09, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₈H₅₇N₄O₂₁ 905.3521; found 905.3531.

Neu5Ac7,9*diNAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GlcNAc*α*ProNHCbz* (**80**). 13.8 mg, 68% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.51–7.37 (m, 5H), 5.14 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (dd, *J* = 16.6, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.05–3.82 (m, 8H), 3.81– 3.70 (m, 4H), 3.68–3.38 (m, 8H), 3.37–3.19 (m, 2H), 3.08 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.07–1.99 (m, 9H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.90–1.70 (m, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.2, 173.9, 173.6, 173.5, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 103.9, 100.1, 96.9, 82.4, 73.4, 72.5, 71.7, 71.5, 70.5, 69.5, 68.8, 68.7, 68.3, 66.7, 65.0, 63.0, 60.6, 52.1, 51.9, 50.6, 41.8, 40.1, 37.5, 28.5, 22.2, 22.1, 22.0, 21.9. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₄₀H₆₀N₅O₂₁ 946.3786; found 946.3794.

Neu5Ac7NAca2–6GalNAcaProNHCbz (**81**). 32 mg, 84% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (800 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.47–7.36 (m, SH), 5.19–5.07 (m, 2H), 4.82 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, J = 11.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03–3.93 (m, 3H), 3.91–3.84 (m, 4H), 3.75 (dt, J = 11.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71–3.66 (m, 1H), 3.64 (dd, J = 12.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60–3.51 (m, 2H), 3.50–3.44 (m, 2H), 3.31–3.19 (m, 2H), 2.75 (dd, J = 12.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.81 (p, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 1.65 (t, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (200 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.0, 173.7, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 100.2, 97.0, 71.6, 71.5, 69.5, 68.6, 68.5, 67.6, 66.7, 65.4, 64.3, 62.4, 52.0, 49.9, 49.2, 40.4, 37.6, 28.4, 22.1, 21.9, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{47}N_4O_{16}$ 743.2993; found 743.3022.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα2–6GalNAcαProNHCbz (**82**). 33 mg, 85% yield, white amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.48–7.41 (m, SH), 5.14 (q, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.17–4.10 (m, 1H), 3.98–3.86 (m, 6H), 3.80–3.66 (m, 3H), 3.62–3.53 (m, 2H), 3.52–3.43 (m, 2H), 3.33–3.21 (m, 2H), 3.08 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.83 (p, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 1.67 (t, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 174.5, 174.2, 174.0, 173.7, 173.3, 158.4, 136.6, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 100.3, 97.0, 71.4, 69.7, 69.5, 68.63, 68.56, 67.6, 66.7, 65.5, 64.3, 52.0, 50.7, 49.9, 41.9, 40.4, 37.6, 28.4, 22.1, 21.91, 21.87, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₄H₅₀N₅O₁₆ 784.3258; found 784.3285.

General Procedures for Synthesis of Neu5Ac7NAc- and Neu5Ac7,9diNAc-Terminated Propylamino-Glycosides by Reduction. To a stirred solution of a glycoside (selected from 57 to 82, 1.0–6.0 mg) in a water-methanol solution (2 mL, 1:1 by volume), a catalytic amount of 10% palladium on charcoal was added to a roundbottom flask (50 mL). The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen environment for 2–5 h. The solution was passed through a filter to remove the catalyst. The solvent was removed under vacuum and lyophilized and used directly for microarray studies.

Neu5Ac7NAc α 2–3Lac β ProNH₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₂₈H₄₈N₃O₁₉ 730.2887; found 730.2896.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–*3Lac* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ (M-H) 771.3153; found 771.3170.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2– $6Lac\beta$ ProNH₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₂₈H₄₈N₃O₁₉ 730.2887; found 730.2898.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–*6Lac\betaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) *m/z*: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₀H₅₁N₄O₁₉ 771.3153; found 771.3172.

 $NeuSAc7NAc\alpha 2-3LacNAc\beta ProNH_2$ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3157.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–3*LacNAc* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3427.

 $NeuSAc7NAc\alpha 2-6LacNAc\beta ProNH_2$ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3151.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–6*LacNAc* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3416.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2 $-3Gal\beta 1-3GalNAc\betaProNH_2$ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3172.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2-3*Gal* β 1-3*GalNAc* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₂H₅₄N₅O₁₉ 812.3418; found 812.3427.

*NeuSAc7NAc*α2-6*Gal*β1-3*GalNAc*β*ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3154.

Neu5Ac7,9*diNAc*α2–6*Gal*β1–3*GalNAc*β*ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3421.

*NeuSAc7NAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{10}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3150.

*Neu*5Ac7,9*di*NAc α 2–3*Ga*1 β 1–3*Ga*1*N*Ac α ProNH₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₂H₅₄N₅O₁₉ 812.3418; found 812.3424.

*NeuSAc7NAca2–6Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3147.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3422.

*Neu5Ac7NAc*α2 $-3Gal\beta 1-3GlcNAc\betaProNH_2$ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3158.

NeuSAc7,9diNAc α 2–3*Gal* β 1–3*GlcNAc* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3421.

*NeuSAc7NAc*α2-6*Gal*β1-3*GlcNAc*β*ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3159.

Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–6*Gal* β 1–3*GlcNAc* β *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3421.

*NeuSAc7NAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GlcNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{30}H_{51}N_4O_{19}$ 771.3153; found 771.3161.

NeuSAc7,9diNAc α 2–3*Gal* β 1–3*GlcNAc* α *ProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₃₂H₅₄N₅O₁₉ 812.3418; found 812.3421.

Neu5Ac7NAcα2-6Gal β 1-3GlcNAcαProNH₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: [M – H]⁻ calcd for C₃₀H₅₁N₄O₁₉ 771.3153; found 771.3155.

*Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6Gal\beta1–3GlcNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{32}H_{54}N_5O_{19}$ 812.3418; found 812.3421.

*NeuSAc7NAca2–6GaNAcaProNH*₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for $C_{24}H_{41}N_4O_{14}$ 609.2625;

pubs.acs.org/joc

found 609 2631

NeuSAc7,9*di*NAc α 2–6*Ga*lNAc α ProNH₂ white amorphous solid. HRMS (ESI-Orbitrap) m/z: $[M - H]^-$ calcd for C₂₆H₄₄N₅O₁₄ 650.2890; found 650.2901.

Sialoglycan Microarray Studies. Glycans were printed on PolyAn Glass Slide, 3D-NHS (Automate Scientific) at 100 μ M in four replicates each in phosphate buffer (300 mM, pH 8.4). Printed glycan microarray slides were blocked with ethanolamine (0.05 M) in Tris-HCl (0.1 M, pH 9.0), washed, and dried. Slides were fitted in a multiwell microarray hybridization cassette (AHC4X8S, ArrayIt, Sunnyvale, CA) to divide them into eight subarrays. The subarrays were blocked with 1% ovalbumin in PBS, pH 7.4 at room temperature for 1 h with gentle shaking (all incubations were carried out in a humid chamber). The blocking solution was removed followed by incubation at room temperature for 2 h with gentle shaking with 30 μ g/mL of Fc-fused human Siglec 7 (hSiglec 7) or Fc-fused human Siglec 9 (hSiglec 9), or 20 μ g/mL of Sambucus nigra lectin (SNA) or Maackia amurensis lectin II (MAL II) (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA) in blocking buffer. The slides were washed and incubated at room temperature for 1 h with goat antihuman IgG-Cy3 (1.5 µg/mL in PBS) (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratories, 109-165-088) for Siglecs or streptavidin-Cy3 (1.5 µg/mL in PBS) for lectins (Jackson ImmunoResearch, 109-160-084). The slides were subsequently washed and dried. The microarray slides were then scanned by a Genepix 4000B microarray scanner (Molecular Devices Corp., Union City, CA), and data analysis was performed using Genepix Pro 7.0 analysis software (Molecular Devices Corp., Union City, CA).

ASSOCIATED CONTENT

Supporting Information

The Supporting Information is available free of charge at https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.joc.1c01091.

Microarray data, detailed synthetic procedures, nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy and high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) data, and NMR spectra of the products (PDF)

AUTHOR INFORMATION

Corresponding Author

Xi Chen – Department of Chemistry, University of California, Davis, California 95616, United States; o orcid.org/0000-0002-3160-614X; Email: xiichen@ucdavis.edu

Authors

- Anoopjit Singh Kooner Department of Chemistry, University of California, Davis, California 95616, United States
- Sandra Diaz Department of Medicine and Department of Cellular & Molecular Medicine, Glycobiology Research and Training Center, University of California, San Diego, California 92093, United States
- Hai Yu Department of Chemistry, University of California, Davis, California 95616, United States; [©] orcid.org/0000-0002-4378-0532

Abhishek Santra – Department of Chemistry, University of California, Davis, California 95616, United States; Present Address: Department of Organic Synthesis and Process Chemistry, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (CSIR-IICT), Hyderabad 500007, India; orcid.org/0000-0002-5620-629X

Ajit Varki – Department of Medicine and Department of Cellular & Molecular Medicine, Glycobiology Research and Training Center, University of California, San Diego, California 92093, United States

Complete contact information is available at: https://pubs.acs.org/10.1021/acs.joc.1c01091

Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Research reported in this publication was supported by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases of the U.S. National Institutes of Health (NIH) under Award Number R01AI130684. The Bruker Avance-800 NMR spectrometer was purchased with a U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) Shared Instrumentation Grant (grant no. DBI-0722538). The Thermo Scientific Q Exactive HF Orbitrap Mass Spectrometer was purchased with a U.S. NIH Shared Instrumentation Grant (grant no. S10OD025271). The authors would like to thank Dr. Lei Li and Dr. Ding Liu at Georgia State University for their help in obtaining high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) data for some of the products.

REFERENCES

(1) Schauer, R. Sialic Acids as Regulators of Molecular and Cellular Interactions. *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* **2009**, *19*, 507–514.

(2) Chen, X.; Varki, A. Advances in The Biology and Chemistry of Sialic Acids. *ACS Chem. Biol.* **2010**, *5*, 163–176.

(3) Vimr, E. R.; Kalivoda, K. A.; Deszo, E. L.; Steenbergen, S. M. Diversity of Microbial Sialic Acid Metabolism. *Microbiol. Mol. Biol. Rev.* 2004, *68*, 132–153.

(4) Severi, E.; Hood, D. W.; Thomas, G. H. Sialic Acid Utilization by Bacterial Pathogens. *Microbiology* **200**7, *153*, 2817–2822.

(5) Angata, T.; Varki, A. Chemical Diversity in The Sialic Acids and Related alpha-Keto Acids: An Evolutionary Perspective. *Chem. Rev.* **2002**, *102*, 439–469.

(6) Varki, A. Diversity in The Sialic Acids. *Glycobiology* **1992**, *2*, 25–40.

(7) Schauer, R. Achievements and Challenges of Sialic Acid Research. *Glycoconjugate J.* **2000**, *17*, 485–499.

(8) Mandal, C.; Schwartz-Albiez, R.; Vlasak, R. Functions and Biosynthesis of *O*-Acetylated Sialic Acids. In *Topics in Current Chemistry*; Springer: Berlin, Heidelberg, 2015; Vol. 366, pp 1–30.

(9) Visser, E. A.; Moons, S. J.; Timmermans, S.; de Jong, H.; Boltje, T. J.; Bull, C. Sialic Acid O-Acetylation: From Biosynthesis to Roles in Health and Disease. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2021**, *297*, No. 100906.

(10) Erdmann, M.; Wipfler, D.; Merling, A.; Cao, Y.; Claus, C.; Kniep, B.; Sadick, H.; Bergler, W.; Vlasak, R.; Schwartz-Albiez, R. Differential Surface Expression and Possible Function of 9-O- and 7-O-Acetylated GD3 (CD60 b and c) During Activation and Apoptosis of Human Tonsillar B and T Lymphocytes. *Glycoconjugate J.* **2006**, *23*, 627–638.

(11) Vlasak, R.; Luytjes, W.; Spaan, W.; Palese, P. Human And Bovine Coronaviruses Recognize Sialic Acid-Containing Receptors Similar to Those of Influenza C Viruses. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **1988**, 85, 4526–4529.

(12) Smits, S. L.; Gerwig, G. J.; van Vliet, A. L.; Lissenberg, A.; Briza, P.; Kamerling, J. P.; Vlasak, R.; de Groot, R. J. Nidovirus Sialate-O-Acetylesterases: Evolution and Substrate Specificity of Coronaviral and Toroviral Receptor-Destroying Enzymes. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2005**, *280*, 6933–6941.

(13) Schwegmann-Weßels, C.; Herrler, G. Sialic Acids as Receptor Determinants for Coronaviruses. *Glycoconjugate J.* **2006**, *23*, 51–58.

(14) Wasik, B. R.; Barnard, K. N.; Ossiboff, R. J.; Khedri, Z.; Feng, K. H.; Yu, H.; Chen, X.; Perez, D. R.; Varki, A.; Parrish, C. R. Distribution of O-Acetylated Sialic Acids among Target Host Tissues for Influenza Virus. *mSphere* **2017**, *2*, e00379-16.

(15) Li, Z.; Lang, Y.; Liu, L.; Bunyatov, M. I.; Sarmiento, A. I.; de Groot, R. J.; Boons, G. J. Synthetic *O*-Acetylated Sialosides Facilitate Functional Receptor Identification for Human Respiratory Viruses. *Nat. Chem.* **2021**, *13*, 496–503.

(16) Lundblad, A. Gunnar Blix and His Discovery of Sialic Acids. Fascinating Molecules in Glycobiology. *Upsala J. Med. Sci.* **2015**, 1–9. (17) Gottschalk, A. The Influenza Virus Neuraminidase. *Nature* **1958**, 181, 377–378.

(18) Klein, A.; Roussel, P. O-Acetylation of Sialic Acids. *Biochimie* **1998**, *80*, 49–57.

(19) Ji, Y.; Sasmal, A.; Li, W.; Oh, L.; Srivastava, S.; Hargett, A. A.; Wasik, B. R.; Yu, H.; Diaz, S.; Choudhury, B.; Parrish, C. R.; Freedberg, D. I.; Wang, L. P.; Varki, A.; Chen, X., Reversible O-Acetyl Migration within the Sialic Acid Side Chain and Its Influence on Protein Recognition. *ACS Chem. Biol.* **2021** DOI: 10.1021/acschembio.0c00998.

(20) Kamerling, J. P.; Schauer, R.; Shukla, A. K.; Stoll, S.; Van Halbeek, H.; Vliegenthart, J. F. Migration of O-Acetyl Groups in *N*,O-Acetylneuraminic Acids. *Eur. J. Biochem.* **1987**, *162*, 601–607.

(21) Vandamme-Feldhaus, V.; Schauer, R. Characterization of The Enzymatic 7-O-Acetylation of Sialic Acids and Evidence for Enzymatic O-Acetyl Migration from C-7 to C-9 in Bovine Submandibular Gland. J. Biochem. **1998**, *124*, 111–121.

(22) Khedri, Z.; Xiao, A.; Yu, H.; Landig, C. S.; Li, W.; Diaz, S.; Wasik, B. R.; Parrish, C. R.; Wang, L. P.; Varki, A.; Chen, X. A Chemical Biology Solution to Problems with Studying Biologically Important But Unstable 9-O-Acetyl Sialic Acids. ACS Chem. Biol. 2017, 12, 214–224.

(23) Li, W.; Xiao, A.; Li, Y.; Yu, H.; Chen, X. Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of NeuSAc9NAc-Containing alpha2-3- and alpha2-6-Linked Sialosides and Their Use for Sialidase Substrate Specificity Studies. *Carbohydr. Res.* **2017**, *451*, 51–58.

(24) Li, W.; Battistel, M. D.; Reeves, H.; Oh, L.; Yu, H.; Chen, X.; Wang, L. P.; Freedberg, D. I. A Combined NMR, MD and DFT Conformational Analysis of 9-O-Acetyl Sialic Acid-Containing GM3 Ganglioside Glycan and its 9-N-Acetyl Mimic. *Glycobiology* **2020**, *30*, 787–801.

(25) Angata, T.; Varki, A. Siglec-7: A Sialic Acid-Binding Lectin of The Immunoglobulin Superfamily. *Glycobiology* **2000**, *10*, 431–438.

(26) Angata, T.; Varki, A. Cloning, Characterization, and Phylogenetic Analysis of Siglec-9, A New Member of The CD33-Related Group of Siglecs. Evidence for Co-Evolution with Sialic Acid Synthesis Pathways. J. Biol. Chem. 2000, 275, 22127–22135.

(27) Zhang, J. Q.; Nicoll, G.; Jones, C.; Crocker, P. R. Siglec-9, a Novel Sialic Acid Binding Member of Tthe Immunoglobulin Superfamily Expressed Broadly on Human Blood Leukocytes. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2000**, *275*, 22121–22126.

(28) Li, Y.; Chen, X. Sialic Acid Metabolism and Sialyltransferases: Natural Functions and Applications. *Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* **2012**, *94*, 887–905.

(29) Yu, H.; Chokhawala, H. A.; Huang, S.; Chen, X. One-Pot Three-Enzyme Chemoenzymatic Approach to The Synthesis of Sialosides Containing Natural and Non-Natural Functionalities. *Nat. Protoc.* **2006**, *1*, 2485–9242.

(30) Santra, A.; Xiao, A.; Yu, H.; Li, W.; Li, Y.; Ngo, L.; McArthur, J. B.; Chen, X. A Diazido Mannose Analogue as a Chemoenzymatic Synthon for Synthesizing Di-N-Acetyllegionaminic Acid-Containing Glycosides. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2018**, *57*, 2929–2933.

(31) Dong, H.; Pei, Z.; Angelin, M.; Bystrom, S.; Ramstrom, O. Efficient Synthesis of beta-D-Mannosides and beta-D-Talosides by Double Parallel or Double Serial Inversion. *J. Org. Chem.* **2007**, *72*, 3694–3701.

(32) Dong, H.; Pei, Z.; Ramstrom, O. Stereospecific Ester Activation in Nitrite-Mediated Carbohydrate Epimerization. *J. Org. Chem.* **2006**, *71*, 3306–3309.

(33) Hale, K. J.; Hough, L.; Manaviazar, S.; Calabrese, A. An Update of The Rules for Pyranoside Sulfonate Displacement. *Org. Lett.* **2014**, *16*, 4838–4841.

(34) Cai, Y.; Ling, C. C.; Bundle, D. R. Concise and Efficient Synthesis of 2-Acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-hexopyranosides of Diverse Aminosugars from 2-Acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucose. *J. Org. Chem.* **2009**, *74*, 580–589.

(35) Kulkarni, S. S.; Wang, C. C.; Sabbavarapu, N. M.; Podilapu, A. R.; Liao, P. H.; Hung, S. C. "One-Pot" Protection, Glycosylation, and Protection-Glycosylation Strategies of Carbohydrates. *Chem. Rev.* **2018**, *118*, 8025–8104.

(36) Ogawa, T.; Matsui, M. A New Approach to Regioselective Acylation of Polyhydroxy Compounds. *Carbohydr. Res.* **19**77, *56*, c1– c6.

(37) Ogawa, T.; Matsui, M. Regioselective Stannylation: Acylation of Carbohydrates: Coordination Control. *Tetrahedron* **1981**, *37*, 2363–2369.

(38) Sanapala, S. R.; Kulkarni, S. S. Expedient Route To Access Rare Deoxy Amino L-Sugar Building Blocks for the Assembly of Bacterial Glycoconjugates. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2016**, *138*, 4938–4947.

(39) Tsvetkov, Y. E.; Shashkov, A. S.; Knirel, Y. A.; Zahringer, U. Synthesis and NMR Spectroscopy of Nine Stereoisomeric 5,7-Diacetamido-3,5,7,9-Tetradeoxynon-2-ulosonic Acids. *Carbohydr. Res.* 2001, 335, 221–243.

(40) Shangguan, N.; Katukojvala, S.; Greenberg, R.; Williams, L. J. The Reaction of Thio Acids with Azides: A New Mechanism and New Synthetic Applications. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 7754–7755.

(41) Ghosh, S.; Nishat, S.; Andreana, P. R. Synthesis of an Aminooxy Derivative of the Tetrasaccharide Repeating Unit of *Streptococcus dysgalactiae* 2023 Polysaccharide for a PS A1 Conjugate Vaccine. J. Org. Chem. 2016, 81, 4475–4484.

(42) Demizu, Y.; Kubo, Y.; Miyoshi, H.; Maki, T.; Matsumura, Y.; Moriyama, N.; Onomura, O. Regioselective Protection of Sugars Catalyzed by Dimethyltin Dichloride. *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 5075–5077. (43) Li, Y.; Yu, H.; Cao, H.; Lau, K.; Muthana, S.; Tiwari, V. K.; Son,

B.; Chen, X. Pasteurella multocida Sialic Acid Aldolase: A Promising Biocatalyst. Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 2008, 79, No. 963.

(44) Yu, H.; Yu, H.; Karpel, R.; Chen, X. Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of CMP-Sialic Acid Derivatives by A One-Pot Two-Enzyme System: Comparison of Substrate Flexibility of Three Microbial CMP-Sialic Acid Synthetases. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2004**, *12*, 6427–6435.

(45) Yu, H.; Chokhawala, H.; Karpel, R.; Yu, H.; Wu, B.; Zhang, J.; Zhang, Y.; Jia, Q.; Chen, X. A Multifunctional *Pasteurella multocida* Sialyltransferase: A Powerful Tool for The Synthesis of Sialoside Libraries. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2005**, *127*, 17618–17619.

(46) Yu, H.; Huang, S.; Chokhawala, H.; Sun, M.; Zheng, H.; Chen, X. Highly Efficient Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of Naturally Occurring and Non-Natural alpha-2,6-Linked Sialosides: A *P. damsela* alpha-2,6-Sialyltransferase with Extremely Flexible Donor-Substrate Specificity. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2006**, *45*, 3938–3944.

(47) Li, W.; Ghosh, T.; Bai, Y.; Santra, A.; Xiao, A.; Chen, X. A Substrate Tagging and Two-Step Enzymatic Reaction Strategy for Large-Scale Synthesis of 2,7-Anhydro-Sialic Acid. *Carbohydr. Res.* **2019**, 479, 41–47.

(48) McArthur, J. B.; Santra, A.; Li, W.; Kooner, A. S.; Liu, Z.; Yu, H.; Chen, X. *L. pneumophila* CMP-5,7-di-*N*-Acetyllegionaminic Acid Synthetase (LpCLS)-Involved Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of Sialosides and Analogues. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2020**, *18*, 738–744.

(49) Padler-Karavani, V.; Song, X.; Yu, H.; Hurtado-Ziola, N.; Huang, S.; Muthana, S.; Chokhawala, H. A.; Cheng, J.; Verhagen, A.; Langereis, M. A.; et al. Cross-comparison of protein recognition of sialic acid diversity on two novel sialoglycan microarrays. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2012**, 287, 22593–22608.

Supporting Information

Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of Sialosides Containing 7-N- or 7,9-Di-N-acetyl Sialic Acid as Stable O-Acetyl Analogues for Probing Sialic Acid-Binding Proteins

Anoopjit Singh Kooner,[†] Sandra Diaz,^{‡,§} Hai Yu,[†] Abhishek Santra,^{†,} Ajit Varki,^{‡,§} and Xi Chen^{†,*}

[†]Department of Chemistry, University of California, Davis, California, 95616, United States
[‡]Department of Medicine, University of California, San Diego, California, 92093, United States
[§]Department of Cellular & Molecular Medicine, Glycobiology Research and Training Center, University of California, San Diego, California, 92093, United States
^ICurrent Address: Department of Organic Synthesis and Process Chemistry, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (CSIR-IICT), Hyderabad 500007, India
*Corresponding author: Email: xiichen@ucdavis.edu

Table of content

Table S1 . Glycan microarray study results.	
¹ H and ¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectra of 4–5 , 7–11 , 14–23 , and 25–82	S4–S78

	Glycans	hSiglec 7	hSiglec 9	SNA Avit SD	MAL II
Δ	Neu5Acg3GalB4GlcBR1	AV±SD	$AV \pm SD$ $1/638 \pm 3008$	AV±5D	AV±SD 82+16
	Neu594cag3GalB4GlcBR1	128+45	12452+2402	28+11	2449+2487
	Neu5Ac9NAcq3GalB4GlcBR1	74+5	3598+1128	13+2	<u>44+10</u>
	Neu5Ac7NAcq3Galβ4GlcβR1	32+13	233+31	23+4	24+3
	Neu5Ac7 9diNAca3GalB4GlcBR1	33+12	123+36	16+4	23+6
	GalB4GlcBR1	86±57	455±85	20 ± 5	61±17
	omb : orthere				
B	Neu5Acα6GalB4GlcBR1	18232±769	35090±11846	1071±1068	1456±245
	Neu5.9Ac2a6GalB4GlcBR1	82±21	763±332	5070±300	65±3
	Neu5Ac9NAcq6GalB4GlcBR1	1289±104	3074±355	1773±112	52±7
	Neu5Ac7NAca6GalB4GlcBR1	57±14	365±205	151±37	22±2
	Neu5Ac7.9diNAca6GalB4GlcBR1	24±5	137±8	358±76	30±20
	GalB4GlcBR1	86±57	455±85	20±5	61±17
	- · · F - · F				
С	Neu5Aca3GalB4GlcNAcBR1	3316±442	43732±12044	24±1	339±276
	Neu5.9Ac ₂ α3Galβ4GlcNAcβR1				
	Neu5Ac9NAcα3Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	17±14	414±350	8±2	73±17
	Neu5Ac7NAcα3Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	40±8	248±26	20±1	21±3
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα3Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	20±1	101±18	15±4	20±5
	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	111±18	316±40	96±16	81±10
	· · ·				
D	Neu5Acα6Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	16232±1719	54607±2394	4170±682	58±11
	Neu5,9Ac ₂ α6Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	18675±1057	48835±6066	5452±1564	19±2
	Neu5Ac9NAcα6Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	574±63	7438±1391	3794±309	43±6
	Neu5Ac7NAcα6Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	32±10	324±98	97±23	403±232
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα6Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	24±9	75±80	56±11	20±3
	G 10 (G1) (0 D (111.10	216:40	06+16	91+10
	Galß4GlcNAcβR1	111±18	316±40	90±10	81±10
	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	111±18	316±40	90±10	81±10
	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1	111±18	316±40	90±10	81±10
E	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1	30069±3743	316±40 38633±4875	236±18	164±47
E	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008	236±18 56±6	164±47 48±9
Е	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471	236±10 236±18 56±6 28±4	164±47 48±9 22±3
Е	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106	236±10 236±18 56±6 28±4 12±3	164±47 48±9 22±3 12±4
E	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac₂α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18	236±10 236±18 56±6 28±4 12±3 15±5	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 48\pm17 \\ $
E	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα6GalNAcαR1 GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100	236±10 236±18 56±6 28±4 12±3 15±5 32±4	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 42\pm4 \end{array} $
E	Galβ4GicNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα6GalNAcαR1 GalNAcαR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 42\pm4 \\ 662\pm96 \end{array} $
E F	Galβ4GlcNAcβR1 Neu5Acα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5,9Ac2α6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac9NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7NAcα6GalNAcαR1 Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα6GalNAcαR1 GalNAcαR1 Neu5Acα3Galβ3GlcNAcβR1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 23±8	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 492±140	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 42\pm4 \\ 662\pm86 \\ 208\pm52 \\ \end{array} $
F	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140	$ \begin{array}{c} 236\pm18\\ 56\pm6\\ 28\pm4\\ 12\pm3\\ 15\pm5\\ 32\pm4\\ 40\pm11\\ 65\pm4\\ 24\pm0\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 42\pm4 \\ 662\pm86 \\ 208\pm52 \\ 18\pm4 \end{array} $
F	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac β Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac β NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac 7 NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac 7 ,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac β NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac β NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 180±24	$ \begin{array}{c} 236\pm18\\ 56\pm6\\ 28\pm4\\ 12\pm3\\ 15\pm5\\ 32\pm4\\ 40\pm11\\ 65\pm4\\ 24\pm9\\ 22\pm1\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47 \\ 48\pm9 \\ 22\pm3 \\ 12\pm4 \\ 16\pm17 \\ 42\pm4 \\ 662\pm86 \\ 208\pm52 \\ 18\pm4 \\ 22\pm2 \\ 18\pm4 \\ 22\pm2 \\ 18\pm4 \\ 22\pm2 \\ 2$
F	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 189±34 129±91	$ \begin{array}{c} 236\pm10\\ 236\pm18\\ 56\pm6\\ 28\pm4\\ 12\pm3\\ 15\pm5\\ 32\pm4\\ 40\pm11\\ 65\pm4\\ 24\pm9\\ 23\pm1\\ 12\pm1\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ \end{array} $
F	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 189±34 138±81 222,24	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4 24 ± 9 23 ± 1 13 ± 1 20 ± 0	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ \end{array} $
F	$\begin{tabular}{l} \hline Gal[\beta4GlcNAc\betaR1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac\alpha 6GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline Neu5,9Ac_{2}\alpha 6GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac9NAc\alpha 6GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7NAc\alpha 6GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7,9diNAc\alpha 6GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline GalNAc\alpha R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5,9Ac_{2}\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac9NAc\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7NAc\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7NAc\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7,9diNAc\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Neu5Ac7,9diNAc\alpha 3Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline Gal \beta 3GlcNAc\beta R1 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14 19±5 53±14	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 189±34 138±81 232±24	$\begin{array}{c} 236\pm10\\ \hline \\ 236\pm18\\ 56\pm6\\ \hline \\ 28\pm4\\ 12\pm3\\ 15\pm5\\ 32\pm4\\ \hline \\ 40\pm11\\ 65\pm4\\ \hline \\ 24\pm9\\ \hline \\ 23\pm1\\ 13\pm1\\ \hline \\ 29\pm9\\ \hline \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ \end{array} $
F	Galβ4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14 19±5 53±14	316 ± 40 38633 ± 4875 22398 ± 2008 1506 ± 471 291 ± 106 87 ± 18 179 ± 100 32721 ± 1974 483 ± 140 1008 ± 97 189 ± 34 138 ± 81 232 ± 24 45726 ± 10242	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4 24 ± 9 23 ± 1 13 ± 1 29 ± 9 249 ± 90	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ 27\pm9 \end{array} $
E F G	Galβ4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9Nac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9Nac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9Nac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14 19±5 53±14 22346±3694	316 ± 40 38633 ± 4875 22398 ± 2008 1506 ± 471 291 ± 106 87 ± 18 179 ± 100 32721 ± 1974 483 ± 140 1008 ± 97 189 ± 34 138 ± 81 232 ± 24 45726 ± 10343	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4 24 ± 9 23 ± 1 13 ± 1 29 ± 9 249 ± 90	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ 27\pm9\\ \end{array} $
E F G	Galβ4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac γ 9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_{2}\alpha$ 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14 19±5 53±14 22346±3694	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 189±34 138±81 232±24 45726±10343 1542±228	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4 24 ± 9 23 ± 1 13 ± 1 29 ± 9 249 ± 90 897 ± 72	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ 27\pm9\\ 36\pm8\\ \end{array} $
F	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 9NAc α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111±18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37±10 27±12 47±9 1325±212 33±8 80±11 36±14 19±5 53±14 22346±3694 774±72 35±10	316±40 38633±4875 22398±2008 1506±471 291±106 87±18 179±100 32721±1974 483±140 1008±97 189±34 138±81 232±24 45726±10343 1542±238 230±156	236 ± 10 236 ± 18 56 ± 6 28 ± 4 12 ± 3 15 ± 5 32 ± 4 40 ± 11 65 ± 4 24 ± 9 23 ± 1 13 ± 1 29 ± 9 249 ± 90 897 ± 72 30 ± 12	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ 27\pm9\\ 36\pm8\\ 16\pm7\\ \end{array} $
E F G	Gal β 4GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc α R1GalNAc α R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 6GalNAc β R1Neu5,9Ac $_2\alpha$ 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac9NAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 3Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac α 7NAc α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1Neu5Ac7NAc α 6Gal β 3GlcNAc β R1	111 ± 18 30069±3743 15931±4038 2180±301 37 ± 10 27±12 47 ± 9 1325±212 33 ± 8 80 ± 11 36 ± 14 19 ± 5 53 ± 14 22346±3694 774±72 35 ± 10 17 ± 12	316 ± 40 38633 ± 4875 22398 ± 2008 1506 ± 471 291 ± 106 87 ± 18 179 ± 100 32721 ± 1974 483 ± 140 1008 ± 97 189 ± 34 138 ± 81 232 ± 24 45726 ± 10343 1542 ± 238 230 ± 156 60 ± 18	$\begin{array}{c} 236\pm10\\ \hline \\ 236\pm18\\ \hline \\ 56\pm6\\ \hline \\ 28\pm4\\ 12\pm3\\ 15\pm5\\ \hline \\ 32\pm4\\ \hline \\ 40\pm11\\ 65\pm4\\ \hline \\ 24\pm9\\ \hline \\ 23\pm1\\ 13\pm1\\ \hline \\ 29\pm9\\ \hline \\ 249\pm90\\ \hline \\ \\ 897\pm72\\ \hline \\ 30\pm12\\ \hline \\ 25\pm2\\ \hline \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 164\pm47\\ 48\pm9\\ 22\pm3\\ 12\pm4\\ 16\pm17\\ 42\pm4\\ 662\pm86\\ 208\pm52\\ 18\pm4\\ 23\pm3\\ 15\pm2\\ 114\pm17\\ 27\pm9\\ 36\pm8\\ 16\pm7\\ 19\pm1\\ \end{array} $

Table S1. Glycan microarray study results (See **Figure 3** for the corresponding bar figure). $R1 = ProNH_2$.

	Glycans	hSiglec 7	hSiglec 9	SNA	MAL II
		Av±SD	Av±SD	Av±SD	Av±SD
Н	Neu5Aca3Galβ3GlcNAcaR1	858±249	11809±2780	34±4	915±256
	Neu5,9Ac2α3Galβ3GlcNAcαR1				
	Neu5Ac9NAcα3Galβ3GlcNAcαR1	92±21	702±135	22±5	29±2
	Neu5Ac7NAcα3Galβ3GlcNAcαR1	33±11	160±42	34±5	53±3
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα3Galβ3GlcNAcβR1	49±21	75±8	14±4	16±5
	Galβ3GlcNAcaR1				
Ι	Neu5Aca6Galβ3GlcNAcaR1				
	Neu5,9Ac ₂ α6Galβ3GlcNAcαR1				
	Neu5Ac9NAcα6Galβ3GlcNAcαR1	1114±295	3071±723	384±88	214±270
	Neu5Ac7NAcα6Galβ3GlcNAcαR1	28±7	229±24	66±10	23±3
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAca6Gal	33±5	133±40	39±6	16±3
	Galβ3GlcNAcaR1				
J	Neu5Acα3Galβ3GalNAcβR1	1580±329	32410±5066	27±10	17200±1879
	Neu5,9Ac ₂ α3Galβ3GalNAcβR1	58±15	271±119	99±11	34276±4340
	Neu5Ac9NAcα3Galβ3GalNAcβR1	19±7	244±116	14±2	16576±3253
	Neu5Ac7NAcα3Galβ3GalNAcβR1	2158±2198	4010±416	375±24	778±499
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα3Galβ3GalNAcβR1	52±35	259±97	37±4	47±5
	Galβ3GalNAcβR1	55±9	212±42	25±4	57±8
K	Neu5Acα6Galβ3GalNAcβR1	11743±694	28518±4248	11±8	11±7
	Neu5,9Ac2α6Galβ3GalNAcβR1				
	Neu5Ac9NAcα6Galβ3GalNAcβR1	1924±431	1229±394	135±18	695±125
	Neu5Ac7NAcα6Galβ3GalNAcβR1	35±4	124±29	27±6	32±4
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAcα6Galβ3GalNAcβR1	28±5	136±111	16±2	15±3
	Galβ3GalNAcβR1	55±9	212±42	25±4	57±8
L	Neu5Aca3Galβ3GalNAcaR1	1868±177	10988±4120	37±8	45417±4854
	Neu5,9Ac ₂ α3Galβ3GalNAcαR1	121±120	154±89	87±25	34313±4699
	Neu5Ac9NAcα3Galβ3GalNAcαR1	16±5	84±32	7±3	16570±2600
	Neu5Ac7NAcα3Galβ3GalNAcαR1	36±11	145±62	16±2	30441±1702
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAca3Gal	37±5	202±102	34±3	14694±1436
	Galβ3GalNAcaR1	66±17	338±29	13±4	46±4
Μ	Neu5Aca6Galβ3GalNAcaR1				
	Neu5,9Ac ₂ α6Galβ3GalNAcαR1				
	Neu5Ac9NAcα6Galβ3GalNAcαR1	258±40	1414±167	148±2	26±14
	Neu5Ac7NAcα6Galβ3GalNAcαR1	22±3	115±12	24±7	21±2
	Neu5Ac7,9diNAca6Gal	26±6	83±46	11±3	9±1
	Galβ3GalNAcaR1	66±17	338±29	13±4	46±4





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3 (5) in D_2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN_3 (7) in D_2O



800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of 2,4-diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannopyranose (Man2,4diNAc, 8) in D_2O

800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of 2,4-diazido-2,4-dideoxy-D-mannopyranose (Man2,4diN_3, 9) in D_2O





400 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectra of 2,4,6-triacetamido-2,4,6-trideoxy-D-mannopyranose (Man2,4,6triNAc, 10) in D₂O









400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (14) in CD₃OD



400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-3,6-dibenzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (**15**) in CD₃OD



400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-di-azido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**16**) in CDCl₃

N₃ '-0` BzO-N₃-BzO OpMP 1.96 2.00 J T- 16.1 0.95 4 F 00'1 3.04 1 1.93 -1.95 1.09 1 7.0 5.5 f1 (ppm) 4.0 9.0 7.5 6.5 4.5 3.0 8.5 8.0 6.0 5.0 3.5 2.5

-166.2 -166.6



800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-di-acetamido-3,6-dibenzoyl-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**17**) in CDCl₃



800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-diacetamido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**18**) in CD₃OD



800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4-di-azido-2,4-dideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**19**) in CDCl₃



400 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-3-benzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (**20**) in CD₃OD



400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**21**) in CDCl₃



800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxy phenyl-2,4,6-triacetamido-3-benzoyl-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**22**) in CD₃OD


400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectra of *p*-methoxyphenyl-2,4,6-triazido-2,4,6-trideoxy- β -D-mannopyranoside (**23**) in CDCl₃











800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectra of Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (**26**) in D₂O

100 90 f1 (ppm)



400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (27) in D2O



400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectra of Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (**28**) in D₂O



400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Gal\beta1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (29) in D₂O







400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of GalNAcaProNHCbz (30) in CD₃OD



800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN₃ α 2–3Lac β ProNHCbz (**31**) in D₂O



 $800~\text{MHz}~^1\text{H}~\text{and}~200~\text{MHz}~^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}~\text{NMR}~\text{spectra of}~\text{Neu5}, 7, 9 \text{tri}\text{N}_3\alpha2 - 3Lac\beta\text{ProNHCbz}~\textbf{(32)}~\text{in}~\text{D}_2\text{O}$





800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN₃\alpha2–6Lac\betaProNHCbz (**33**) in D₂O







600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–3LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (**35**) in D_2O



f1 (ppm) 600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN_3\alpha2–3LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (36) in D_2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–6LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (37) in D_2O

7.7.7.7.88
7.7.7.7.88
7.7.7.7.88
7.7.7.7.48
7.7.7.7.48
7.7.7.7.48
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7.7.44
7.7.7







600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN_3\alpha2–6LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (38) in D_2O



800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAc\betaProNHCbz (39) in D_2O











600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–6Gal\beta1–3GalNAc\betaProNHCbz (41) in D2O





600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃ α 2–6Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (**42**) in D₂O

17,77,77 17,77,77 17,77,74 17,77,74 17,7



100 90 f1 (ppm) 80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

180

170

160

140

150

130

120

400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (43) in D2O





400 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃\alpha2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAc\alphaProNHCbz (44) in D₂O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–6Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (45) in D2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃\alpha2–6Galβ1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (46) in D₂O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–3Gal\beta1–3GlcNAc\betaProNHCbz (47) in D2O





800 MHz ¹H and 200 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃ α 2–3Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (**48**) in D₂O







600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN₃\alpha2–6Gal\beta1–3GlcNAc\betaProNHCbz (**49**) in D₂O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃\alpha2–6Galβ1–3GlcNAcβProNHCbz (**50**) in D₂O

77,748 77,748 74,477





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–3Gal\beta1–3GlcNAc\alphaProNHCbz (51) in D_2O



600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃ α 2–3Gal β 1–3GlcNAc α ProNHCbz (**52**) in D₂O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–6Gal\beta1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (53) in D_2O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN₃\alpha2–6Galβ1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (54) in D₂O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7diN_3\alpha2–6GalNAcaProNHCbz (55) in D_2O



800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5,7,9triN_3\alpha2–6GalNAcaProNHCbz (56) in D_2O







800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–3Lac\betaProNHCbz (57) in D_2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–3Lac\betaProNHCbz (58) in D_2O



 $800~MHz~^{1}H~and~200~MHz~^{13}C~\{^{1}H\}~NMR~spectra~of~Neu5Ac7NAc\alpha2-6Lac\betaProNHCbz~(\textbf{59})~in~D_{2}O~and Carbon Constraints and Carbon$


600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–6Lac β ProNHCbz (60) in D_2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–3LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (61) in D_2O



400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–3LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (62) in D_2O





600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAc α 2–6LacNAc β ProNHCbz (63) in D₂O





400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6LacNAc\betaProNHCbz (64) in D_2O

600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–3Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (65) in D_2O

177.25 177.25



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAc\betaProNHCbz (66) in D2O



f1 (ppm) 600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–6Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (67) in D_2O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6Gal β 1–3GalNAc β ProNHCbz (68) in D_2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (69) in D2O



400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (70) in D₂O



100 = f1 (ppm)

600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–6Gal β 1–3GalNAcaProNHCbz (71) in D2O



S67



S68

600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–3Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (73) in D₂O



400 MHz ¹H and 100 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAc α 2–3Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (74) in D₂O



400 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–6Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (75) in D₂O



400 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6Gal β 1–3GlcNAc β ProNHCbz (76) in D_2O



600 MHz ¹H and 150 MHz ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2-3Gal β 1-3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (77) in D₂O

77,77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 77,77,744 74,477 74



400 MHz 1H and 100 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–3Gal\beta1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (78) in D₂O

77,778 77,778 77,774 77,774 77,774 77,774 77,774 77,774 77,774 77,774 74,400



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–6Gal β 1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (79) in D2O



600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6Gal β 1–3GlcNAcaProNHCbz (80) in D2O





800 MHz 1H and 200 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7NAca2–6GalNAcaProNHCbz (81) in D2O





600 MHz 1H and 150 MHz $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR spectra of Neu5Ac7,9diNAca2–6GalNAcaProNHCbz (82) in D_2O





100 90 f1 (ppm) AN RUTTER AND DURING AND